# Quarter 1 Financial Report For the period ended June 30, 2018

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## Introduction

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) is the Provincial Government's holding corporation for its commercial Crown corporations. CIC has invested equity in its subsidiary corporations and collects dividends from these corporations.

The purpose of the following discussion is to provide users of CIC's financial statements with an overview of its financial health. This narrative on CIC's 2018-19 first quarter financial results should be read in conjunction with the March 31, 2018 audited consolidated and separate financial statements. The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's March 31, 2018 audited consolidated financial statements, except as described in Note 3 to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

To facilitate greater transparency and accountability, CIC prepares two different sets of financial statements: CIC's consolidated financial statements that report on the commercial Crown sector; and CIC's separate financial statements that reflect its role as a holding corporation for the Province.

#### **CIC Consolidated Financial Statements**

CIC's consolidated financial statements include CIC's results consolidated with the results of its subsidiary corporations. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (herein after referred to as the "consolidated financial statements") are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and include:

Financial results of subsidiary Crown corporations;

SaskEnergy Incorporated (SaskEnergy)
Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Holding Corporation and Saskatchewan
Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI CANADA)
Telecommunications (collectively SaskTel)
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation (SOCO)
Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SaskPower)
Saskatchewan Water Corporation (SaskWater)

Financial results of wholly-owned subsidiary share capital corporations;

CIC Asset Management Inc. (CIC AMI) CIC Economic Holdco Ltd. First Nations and Métis Fund Inc. (FNMF) Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund Inc. (SIIF)

- Dividends paid by CIC to the General Revenue Fund (GRF); and
- CIC's operating costs, public policy expenditures and interest earned on cash and cash equivalents, short-term investment balances and equity earnings on equity accounted investees.

Consolidated earnings represent the total earnings in the Crown sector, taking into consideration the elimination of all inter-group transactions (i.e. revenues and expenses between Crown corporations and dividends paid by Crown corporations to CIC).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> STC operations ceased in 2017-18. See Note 6 of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

## **CIC Separate Financial Statements**

CIC's separate financial statements are used to determine CIC's capacity to pay dividends to the Province's GRF. The unaudited condensed separate interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 27 - Separate Financial Statements and IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting at the request of the Saskatchewan Legislative Assembly. These financial statements are intended to isolate CIC's cash-flow, capital support for certain subsidiary corporations, and public policy expenditures. These financial statements include:

- Dividends from subsidiary Crown corporations (SaskTel, SGC, SaskWater and SOCO);
- Dividends from the Corporation's investment in Information Services Corporation;
- Grants to subsidiary corporations; and
- CIC's operating results and public policy expenditures.

## CIC CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **Consolidated Financial Statements**

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) highlights the primary factors that have an impact on the consolidated financial results and operations of CIC. It should be read in conjunction with CIC's consolidated financial statements and supporting notes for the period ended June 30, 2018. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting*.

The consolidated financial statements do not include all the disclosures included in CIC's annual audited consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with CIC's March 31, 2018 audited consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's March 31, 2018 audited consolidated financial statements, except as described in Note 3 to these consolidated financial statements.

For purposes of CIC's consolidated MD&A, "CIC" and "the Corporation" refers to the consolidated entity.

## **Forward-Looking Information**

Throughout the quarterly report, and particularly in the following discussion, are forward-looking statements. These statements can be recognized by terms such as "outlook," "expect," "anticipate," "project," "continue," or other expressions that relate to estimations or future events. By their nature, forward-looking statements require assumptions based on current information, management experience and historical performance. Forward-looking information is subject to uncertainties, and, as a result, forward-looking statements are not a guarantee about the future performance of CIC and its subsidiary Crown corporations.

Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, as a number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates, predictions and assumptions. Factors that can influence performance include, but are not limited to: weather conditions, commodity markets, general economic and political conditions, interest and exchange rates, competition and regulatory environment. Given these uncertainties, assumptions contained in the forward-looking statements may or may not occur.

## **Major Lines of Business**

CIC is involved in a broad array of industries through various forms of investment. A number of investments are held as wholly-owned subsidiaries, while others are associates, joint ventures and joint operations, held through CIC's wholly-owned subsidiaries.

The following table lists significant wholly-owned subsidiaries, including the respective business line, which CIC consolidates in its financial statements:

Туре	Investment	Major Business Line
	Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SaskPower)	Electricity
	Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding	Information and Communications
	Corporation and Saskatchewan Telecommunications	Technology
Utilities	(collectively SaskTel)	
	SaskEnergy Incorporated (SaskEnergy)	Natural Gas Storage and Delivery
	Saskatchewan Water Corporation (SaskWater)	Water and Wastewater
		Management
Insurance	Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI CANADA)	Property and Casualty Insurance
Entertainment	Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation (SGC)	Entertainment
Investment	CIC Asset Management Inc. (CIC AMI)	Investments
and Economic	Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation (SOCO)	Research Parks
Growth	Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund (SIIF)	Construction Loans
Transportation	Saskatchewan Transportation Company (STC) <sup>1</sup>	Passenger and Freight
		Transportation

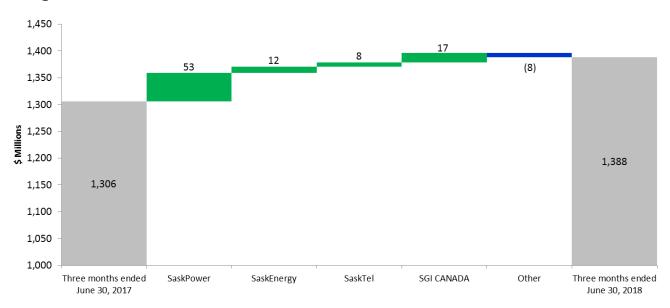
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> STC operations ceased in 2017-18. See Note 6 of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

<b>Subsidiary Corporation Earnings</b>	For the three	e months ended		
(millions of dollars) (unaudited)	June 30 2018		June 30 2017	
SaskPower SaskTel SaskEnergy SGC SaskWater SOCO CIC AMI SIIF SGI CANADA STC CIC (separate) Other <sup>2</sup>	\$ 31.9 29.8 11.9 5.9 2.0 1.0 0.3 0.1 (0.1) (0.1) 34.6 (36.5)	\$	34.5 28.5 (5.6) 6.3 2.1 1.0 0.3 (0.2) 3.6 4.3 31.0 (39.8)	
Net earnings	\$ 80.8	\$	66.0	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes First Nations and Métis Fund Inc., Gradworks Inc. (dissolved on March 31, 2018), CIC Economic Holdco Ltd., CIC's investment in Information Services Corporation and consolidation adjustments. Consolidation adjustments reflect the elimination of all inter-entity transactions, such as grants from CIC to Crown corporations, revenues and expenses between Crown corporations and dividends paid by Crown corporations to CIC.

The Corporation's consolidated net earnings for the three months ended June 30, 2018 were \$80.8 million (2017 - \$66.0 million) or \$14.8 million higher than the same period in 2017. The Corporation experienced slightly higher net earnings in the three months ended June 30, 2018 primarily due to increased delivery revenue at SaskEnergy. A more detailed discussion of net earnings is included on the pages following.

### **Changes in Revenue**



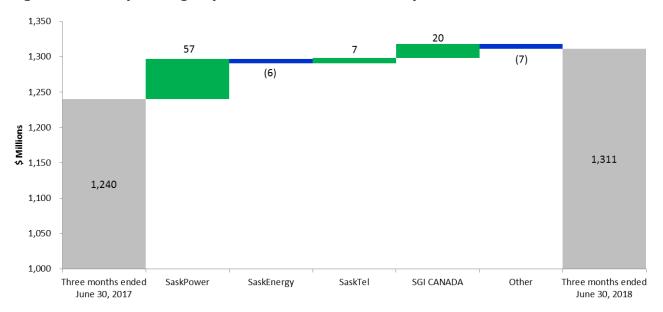
Revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$1,388.3 million (2017 - \$1,306.1 million) or an \$82.2 million increase over the same period in 2017 primarily related to increases at SaskPower, SaskEnergy and SGI CANADA.

SaskPower revenue increased by \$53.3 million primarily due to a 3.5 per cent system-wide average rate increase which became effective March 1, 2018. Higher sales volumes from growth in demand in southern Saskatchewan also contributed to the additional revenue.

SaskEnergy revenue increased by \$12.0 million primarily due to increased delivery revenue as a result of a colder than normal April and rate increases effective November 1, 2017.

SGI CANADA revenue increased by \$16.6 million primarily due to increased premiums written in Saskatchewan and Alberta. Saskatchewan premiums written increased primarily due to rate increases in personal and agriculture lines due to inflation. Customer growth in personal lines and personal auto contributed to the majority of the increase in Alberta.

## **Changes in Total Operating Expenses and Net Finance Expense**

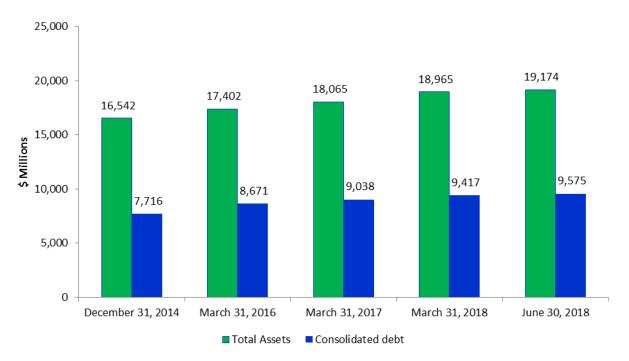


Total operating and net finance expense for the three months ended June 30, 2018 were \$1,311.1 million (2017 - \$1,240.1 million) or a \$71.0 million increase from the same period in 2017 primarily related to increases at SaskPower and SGI CANADA.

Total operating and net finance expense increased at SaskPower by \$56.5 million primarily due to increased contract services, consulting services, and material supplies for generation facility maintenance as well as an increased environmental remediation provision based on proposed estimated settlement costs.

Total operating and net finance expense increased at SGI CANADA by \$20.4 million primarily due to higher storm claims, a number of large personal and commercial line losses, and unfavourable auto results in jurisdictions outside of Saskatchewan.

### **Capital Spending**



For the three months ended June 30, 2018, property, plant and equipment, intangible asset and investment property purchases were \$280.6 million (2017 - \$293.6 million) or a \$13.0 million decrease from the same period in 2017. Major capital expenditures included:

- \$176.5 million at SaskPower related to new generation assets including the Chinook Power Station, connecting customers to the electric system, increasing capacity, and sustaining generation, transmission and distribution infrastructure;
- \$55.9 million at SaskTel on Fibre to the Premises, wireless network enhancements and basic network growth and enhancements; and
- \$38.1 million at SaskEnergy primarily related to customer connections, system expansions to meet industrial customer growth, and spending to ensure the safety and integrity of its extensive distribution and transmission systems.

Consolidated debt at June 30, 2018 was \$9,574.7 million (March 2018 - \$9,416.8 million). The increase is primarily due to additional debt at SaskPower, SaskEnergy and SaskTel used to fund a portion of their capital expenditures during the period. This was partially offset by decreased debt at SIIF as a result of repayments made to the Government of Canada pursuant to the Immigrant Investor Program.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

CIC and its subsidiary Crowns finance capital requirements through internally generated cash flow and borrowing. The GRF borrows in capital markets on behalf of Crowns. The GRF has sufficient access to capital markets for anticipated borrowing requirements.

Province of Saskatchewan Credit Ratin as at June 30, 2018	igs on Long-Term Debt
Moody's Investor Service	Aaa
Standard & Poor's	AA
Dominion Bond Rating Service	AA

Cash Flow Highlights	For the three	e mont	ths ended
(millions of dollars)	June 30		June 30
(unaudited)	2018		2017
Net cash from operating activities	\$ 207.0	\$	329.1
Net cash used in investing activities	(293.9)		(312.0)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	 122.9		(10.5)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36.0	\$	6.6

#### Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

Net cash from operating activities for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$207.0 million (2017 - \$329.1 million) or a decrease of \$122.1 million. Cash from operating activities decreased primarily due to unfavourable changes in non-cash working capital balances, such as accounts receivable, trade and other payables and prepaid expenses.

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$293.9 million (2017 - \$312.0 million). The \$18.1 million decrease in cash outflows is primarily due to decreased investment purchases at SIIF as a result of funds being needed to repay the Government of Canada pursuant to the Immigrant Investor Program.

Net cash from financing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$122.9 million (2017 - \$10.5 million used). The increase of \$133.4 million was due to an increase in notes payable primarily used to fund a portion of capital expenditures and decreased long-term debt repayments due to the timing of scheduled repayments. The increases were partially offset by decreased long-term debt proceeds from the GRF due to the Crowns using additional notes payable to fund capital expenditures.

#### **Debt Management**

CIC and its subsidiary Crowns prudently manage debt to maintain and enhance financial flexibility. The CIC Board has approved debt targets for CIC and its commercial subsidiaries that take into account their individual circumstances and industry benchmarks.

#### Outlook

The Corporation's outlook related to net earnings is highly dependent upon the performance and management of the subsidiary corporations. Earnings expectations are also subject to many variables including: weather conditions, commodity markets, general economic and political conditions, interest and exchange rates, competition and regulatory environment:

- The Corporation projects continued strong operating performance. Net earnings are largely driven by utility Crowns that have relatively stable operating environments, stable or growing customer demand, and rates that are set in accordance with commercial principles.
- The Corporation anticipates significant ongoing challenges including maintaining and expanding utility infrastructure at SaskPower, SaskTel, SaskEnergy and SaskWater, as well as keeping pace with industry technological changes at SaskTel, SaskPower and SGI. Significant capital expenditures in these companies are expected in the medium term.
- Financial performance will be challenged by changing regulations resulting in the phase-out of conventional coal generation at SaskPower and the potential implementation of a price on carbon.
- SGI has experienced higher than average storm claims in the last four years and is expecting this trend to continue.
- Continued volatility in financial markets may further affect valuation of pension liabilities, portfolio investments, and natural gas price management instruments and inventory.

CIC and its subsidiary corporations have processes in place to detect, monitor and mitigate risks. All Crown corporations follow the Enterprise Risk and Opportunities Management (EROM) Minimum Standards Policy. EROM involves:

- identifying risks and opportunities;
- analyzing and quantifying risk impacts;
- assessing and prioritizing risks;
- establishing strategies for controlling risk and/or capitalizing on opportunities; and
- monitoring and reporting.

#### Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position As at (thousands of dollars)

(thousands of dollars)			(A. 10. 1.45)
		(Unaudited)	(Audited *)
	Note	June 30 2018	March 31 2018
ASSETS	HOLE	2010	2010
Current			
Current Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 197,460	\$ 170,616
Short-term investments		\$ 197,460 158,037	165,953
Short-term investments under securities lending pr	ogram	62,256	58,200
Accounts receivable Derivative financial assets		1,039,151	1,073,333
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		46,676 41,357	70,196 30,068
Inventories		293,716	275,203
Prepaid expenses		214,692	218,482
Contract assets	3	56,634	210,402
Contract costs	3	16,722	_
Assets held-for-sale	6	10,722	10,022
Assets field-for-sale		10,022	10,022
		2,136,723	2,072,073
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		4,663	4,663
Long-term investments		1,621,962	1,621,896
Long-term investments under securities lending program		259,981	198,912
Contract assets	3	18,747	-
Contract costs	3	38,880	_
Investments in equity accounted investees	5	141,035	140,959
Property, plant and equipment		14,357,819	14,276,125
Investment property		173,398	174,637
Intangible assets		407,634	457,531
Other assets		13,625	18,629
		\$ 19,174,467	\$ 18,965,425
LIABILITIES AND PROVINCE'S EQUITY		,,	7 - 27 - 27 - 27
Current			
Bank indebtedness		\$ 6,107	\$ 15,218
Trade and other payables		732,606	919,293
Derivative financial liabilities		194,754	216,786
Notes payable		1,590,086	1,563,495
Deferred revenue		485,079	572,589
Provisions		258,301	245,109
Finance lease obligations		21,684	20,167
Long-term debt due within one year		122,706	125,412
Contract liabilities	3	126,565	-
			2 672 060
		3,537,888	3,678,069
Contract liabilities	3	1,271	-
Provisions		764,110	713,366
Finance lease obligations		1,105,298	1,110,260
Long-term debt		7,861,914	7,727,862
Employee future benefits		228,061	248,588
Other liabilities		216,669	223,656
		13,715,211	13,701,801
Province of Saskatchewan's Equity			
Equity advances		908,889	908,889
Contributed surplus		<sup>*</sup> 85	85
Retained earnings		4,473,037	4,303,094
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	8	77,245	51,556
		·	-
		5,459,256	5,263,624
		<b>\$ 19,174,467</b>	\$ 18,965,425

Commitments and contingencies

<sup>9</sup> 

<sup>(</sup>See accompanying notes)

<sup>\*</sup>As presented in the audited March 31, 2018 consolidated financial statements.

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

	April 1 to	April 1 to
	June 30 Note 2018	June 30 2017
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		
Revenue	<b>\$ 1,388,337</b>	\$ 1,306,052
Other income	1,362	1,393
	1,389,699	1,307,445
EXPENSES		
Operating	658,375	609,543
Salaries, wages and short-term employee benefits	231,881	227,269
Employee future benefits Depreciation and amortization	10,893 219,793	10,969 214,864
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	5,242	6,020
Impairment (recoveries) losses	(15)	8,897
Research and development	54	7
Provision for decommissioning and environmental		,
remediation liabilities	28,000	-
Saskatchewan taxes and fees	45,715	44,229
	1,199,938	1,121,798
RESULTS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	189,761	185,647
Finance income	28,847	21,145
Finance expenses	(140,032)	(139,467)
NET FINANCE EXPENSES	(111,185)	(118,322)
Share of net earnings from equity accounted investees	2,361	1,793
EARNINGS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	80,937	69,118
Loss from discontinued operations	6 <b>(111)</b>	(3,093)
NET EARNINGS	80,826	66,025
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		
Defined benefit plan actuarial gain (loss)	21,461	(18,158)
Unrealized gains on sinking funds	2,795	2,702
Unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	1,318	(2,916)
Amounts amortized to net earnings and		106
included in net finance expenses	115	186
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	25,689	(18,186)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE		
TO THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN	\$ 106,51 <b>5</b>	<u>\$ 47,839</u>

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Equity For the Period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

#### Attributable to the Province of Saskatchewan

						Accumulated Other	
		Equity Advances	Со	ntributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive (Loss) Income (Note 8)	Total Equity
Balance at April 1, 2017	\$	908,889	\$	<u> 3urpius</u> <b>85</b>	\$ 4,005,260	\$ (50,699)	\$ 4,863,535
Total comprehensive income (loss) <u>Dividends to GRF</u>	τ	- -	*	- -	66,025	(18,186)	47,839
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	908,889	\$	85	\$ 4,071,285	\$ (68,885)	\$ 4,911,374
Balance at April 1, 2018 As previously reported Impact of adoption	\$	908,889	\$	85	\$ 4,303,094	\$ 51,556	\$ 5,263,624
of IFRS 15 (Note 3)		-			89,117	<del>-</del>	89,117
As restated		908,889		85	4,392,211	51,556	5,352,741
Total comprehensive income Dividends to GRF		-		- -	80,826	25,689 -	106,515 -
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	908,889	\$	85	\$ 4,473,037	\$ 77,245	\$ 5,459,256

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Cash Flows For the Period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

			April 1		April 1
			to		to
			June 30		June 30
	Note		2018		2017
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net earnings		\$	80,826	\$	66,025
<u> </u>		₹	80,820	₽	00,023
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings	10		240 112		241 477
to cash from operating activities	10		348,113		341,477
			428,939		407 F02
Not change in non-cach working capital			420,939		407,502
Net change in non-cash working capital			(01 120)		E4 E04
balances related to operations			(81,129)		54,594
Interest paid			(140,802)		(132,983)
Maria and Communication of the State			207.000		220 112
Net cash from operating activities			207,008		329,113
TAIN/FOTTING ACTIVITIES					
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			0.051		7 707
Interest received			9,061		7,737
Dividends received			1,437		262
Purchase of investments			(313,759)		(248,230)
Proceeds from sale and collection of investments			301,494		221,818
Purchase of property, plant and equipment			(268,301)		(267,319)
Costs related to sale of property, plant and equipment			(265)		(1,214)
Purchase of intangible assets			(11,336)		(22,533)
Purchase of investment property			(962)		(3,706)
Increase in restricted cash and cash equivalents			(11,289)		(431)
(Increase) decrease in other assets			(25)		1,596
(Thichease) decrease in other assets			(23)		1,390
Net cash used in investing activities			(293,945)		(312,020)
Net eash abea in investing detivities			(=55/5 :5/		(312/020)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase (decrease) in notes payable			26,591		(27,183)
Decrease in other liabilities			(643)		(983)
Debt proceeds from GRF			150,447		176,635
•			130,447		
Debt repayments to GRF			-		(121,591)
Debt proceeds from other lenders			(22.27)		43
Debt repayments to other lenders			(23,075)		(16,596)
Sinking fund instalments			(30,428)		(25,444)
Sinking fund redemptions			-		<u>4,606</u>
Net cash from (used in) financing activities			122,892		(10,513)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH					
EQUIVALENTS DURING PERIOD			35,955		6,580
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,					
BEGINNING OF PERIOD			155,398		143,803
CACIL AND CACIL FOUTVALENTS					
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,			101 050	_	150 202
END OF PERIOD		\$	191,353	\$	150,383
Cook and cook assistants of the C					
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:			40= 455		450 515
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	197,460	\$	158,649
Bank indebtedness			(6,107)		(8,266)
<del></del>		\$	191,353	\$	150,383
(See accompanying notes)					

#### 1. General information

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) is a corporation domiciled in Canada. The address of CIC's registered office and principal place of business is 400 - 2400 College Avenue, Regina, SK, S4P 1C8. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of CIC comprise CIC and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "CIC" or "the Corporation") and CIC's interest in associates, joint ventures and joint operations with principal activities as described in Note 4 (a).

The results included in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements should not be taken as indicative of the performance to be expected for a full fiscal year due to the seasonal nature of corporate operations.

#### 2. Basis of preparation

#### a) Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the March 31, 2018 audited consolidated financial statements.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on September 12, 2018.

#### b) Functional and presentation currency

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is CIC's functional currency.

#### 3. Application of revised accounting standards

The following amendments to standards, effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, have been applied in preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements:

#### IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Corporation has adopted IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, with a date of initial application of April 1, 2018. In accordance with the transition provisions of IFRS 15, the Corporation has applied IFRS 15 using the cumulative effect method, recognizing the cumulative effect of retrospectively applying IFRS 15 as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at April 1, 2018. As a result, comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under IAS 18, *Revenue*, IAS 11, *Construction Contracts* and IFRIC 18, *Transfers of Assets from Customers*, the standards in effect at the time. In adopting IFRS 15, the Corporation has elected to apply the following expedients:

- a) The Corporation applied the standard retrospectively only to contracts that are not completed contracts at the date of initial application.
- b) The Corporation did not retrospectively restate contract modifications that occurred before the date of initial application of the standard when:
  - i. Identifying the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations;
  - ii. Determining the transaction price; and
  - iii. Allocating the transaction price to the satisfied and unsatisfied performance obligations.
- c) The Corporation recognizes revenue from contracts where the right to consideration from a customer corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Corporation's performance completed to date in the amount to which the Corporation has the right to invoice.
- d) The Corporation does not disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) as of the end of the reporting period for contracts that have an original expected duration of one year or less and contracts where the right to consideration from a customer corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Corporation's performance completed to date in the amount to which the Corporation has the right to invoice.
- e) The Corporation does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component if the Corporation expects, at the contract inception, that the period between when the Corporation transfers the good or service to the customer and when the customer pays for the service will be one year or less.
- f) The Corporation may apply the standard to a portfolio of contracts. Specific contract types will be assessed to determine if the portfolio method is most appropriate.

#### 3. Application of revised accounting standards (continued)

#### IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (continued)

The application of IFRS 15 has significant impacts on the recognition of revenue, specifically from wireless contracts, and the treatment of costs incurred to acquire customer contracts.

#### a) Impact on the statement of financial position (select lines)

As at June 30, 2018 (thousands of dollars)

	xcluding the s of IFRS 15	Impact	of IFRS 15	Recl	Reclassifications		As reported on adoption of IFRS 15
ASSETS							
Current Prepaid expenses Contract assets Contract costs	\$ 219,952 - -	\$	(5,260) 56,634 7,226	\$	- - 9,496	\$	214,692 56,634 16,722
Total current assets	2,068,627		58,600		9,496		2,136,723
Contract assets Contract costs Intangible assets Other assets	- - 452,495 16,777		18,747 3,515 - (3,152)		35,365 (44,861) -		18,747 38,880 407,634 13,625
Total assets	19,096,757		77,710		-		19,174,467
LIABILITIES AND PROVINCE'S EQUITY							
Current Deferred revenue Contract liabilities	\$ 616,170 -	\$	(1,293) (3,233)	\$	(129,798) 129,798	\$	485,079 126,565
Total current liabilities	3,542,414		(4,526)		-		3,537,888
Contract liabilities Other liabilities	- 222,050		- (4,110)		1,271 (1,271)		1,271 216,669
Total liabilities	13,723,847		(8,636)		-		13,715,211
Retained earnings	4,386,691		86,346		-		4,473,037
Total liabilities and equity	19,096,757		77,710		-		19,174,467

## b) Impact on the statement of comprehensive income (select lines)

As at June 30, 2018 (thousands of dollars)

	Excluding the impacts of IFRS 15			of IFRS 15	As reported upon adoption of IFRS 15	
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS Revenue	\$	1,384,892	\$	3,445	\$	1,388,337
<b>EXPENSES</b> Operating Depreciation and amortization		650,061 221,891		8,314 (2,098)		658,375 219,793
Total operating expenses		1,193,757		6,216		1,199,938
NET EARNINGS		83,597		(2,771)		80,826

#### 3. Application of revised accounting standards (continued)

#### IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (continued)

#### c) Impact on the statement of cash flows (select lines)

As at June 30, 2018 (thousands of dollars)

	xcluding the s of IFRS 15	Impact	of IFRS 15	upo	s reported n adoption of IFRS 15
OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net earnings  Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash from operating activities	\$ 83,597 350,209	\$	(2,771) (2,096)	\$	80,826 348,113
Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations	(83,692)		2,563		(81,129)
Net cash from operating activities	209,312		(2,304)		207,008
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of intangible assets	(13,640)		2,304		(11,336)
Net cash used in investing activities	(296,249)		2,304		(293,945)

#### 4. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's March 31, 2018 audited consolidated financial statements, except as described in Note 3.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements and have been consistently applied by CIC's subsidiaries.

#### a) Basis of consolidation

#### **Subsidiaries**

Saskatchewan provincial Crown corporations are either designated as subsidiary Crown corporations of CIC or created as CIC Crown corporations under *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993* (the Act). The Act assigns specific financial and other responsibilities regarding these corporations to CIC.

In addition to the Crown corporations listed below, the Corporation also consolidates the accounts of Gradworks Inc., a wholly-owned non-profit subsidiary, and the following wholly-owned share capital subsidiaries: CIC Asset Management Inc.; First Nations and Métis Fund Inc.; CIC Economic Holdco Ltd.; and Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund Inc., all of which are domiciled in Canada.

Unaudited condensed separate interim financial statements for CIC have been prepared to show the financial position and results of operations of the corporate entity. In addition, condensed interim financial statements for each of the undernoted Crown corporations, which are consolidated in these financial statements, are prepared and released publicly:

#### Wholly-owned subsidiaries domiciled in Canada

Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SaskPower)
Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation
and Saskatchewan Telecommunications
(collectively SaskTel)
SaskEnergy Incorporated (SaskEnergy)

Saskatchewan Water Corporation (SaskWater)

Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI CANADA)
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation (SGC)

Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation (SGC)
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation (SOCO)

Saskatchewan Transportation Company (STC) (Note 6)

## **Principal activity**

Electricity

Information and communications technology Natural gas storage and delivery Water and wastewater management Property and casualty insurance Entertainment Research parks Passenger and freight transportation

#### 4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

#### Associates and joint ventures (investments in equity accounted investees)

Associates are those entities in which CIC has significant influence, but not control, over strategic financial and operating decisions. Significant influence is presumed to exist when CIC holds between 20.0 and 50.0 per cent of the voting power of another entity.

Joint ventures are those entities over whose activities CIC has joint control, established by contractual agreement and requiring unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions; and provide CIC with rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

Associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. CIC's investment includes any goodwill identified at acquisition, net of accumulated impairment losses. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include CIC's share of the total comprehensive income and equity movements of equity accounted investees, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of CIC, from the date that significant influence or joint control commences until the date that significant influence or joint control ceases. When CIC's share of losses exceeds its interest in equity accounted investees, the carrying amount of that interest is reduced and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that CIC has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee.

#### Joint operations

Joint operations are those entities over whose activities CIC has joint control, established by contractual agreement and requiring unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions; and provide CIC with rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities, related to the arrangement. CIC has classified its 50.0 per cent interest in the Kisbey Gas Gathering and Processing Facility, the Totnes Natural Gas Storage Facility, the Cory Cogeneration Station and BHP Billiton SaskPower Carbon Capture and Storage Knowledge Centre Inc. as joint operations.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include CIC's proportionate share of joint operation assets, incurred liabilities, income and expenses.

#### **Special purpose entities**

CIC has established certain special purpose entities (SPEs) for trading and investment purposes. CIC does not have any direct or indirect shareholdings in these entities. An SPE is consolidated if, based on an evaluation of the substance of its relationship with CIC and the SPE's risks and rewards, CIC concludes that it controls the SPE. SPEs controlled by CIC were established under terms that impose strict limitations on the decision-making powers of the SPE's management and that result in CIC receiving the majority of the benefits related to the SPE's operations and net assets, being exposed to risks incident to the SPE's activities, and retaining the majority of the residual or ownership risks related to the SPE or its assets.

#### Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Inter-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from inter-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Unrealized gains arising from transactions with investments in equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of CIC's interest in the investee. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

#### b) New standards not yet adopted

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the period ended December 31, 2018, and have not been applied in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

#### IFRS 16, Leases

In January 2016, IFRS 16, Leases was issued. IFRS 16 replaces IAS 17, Leases. Under the new standard all leases will be brought onto companies' balance sheets. IFRS 16 also removes the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases (for the lessee - the lease customer), treating all leases as finance leases. IFRS 16 must be adopted for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and applied retrospectively with certain practical expedients available. Early adoption is permitted.

#### 4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### b) New standards not yet adopted (continued)

#### IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

IFRS 16 will affect the classification, measurement and valuation of leases. The Corporation is in the process of assessing the impact of the new proposed standard.

#### IFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

In May 2017, the IASB issued IFRS 17 on the accounting for insurance contracts, which would replace IFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. IFRS 17 applies to annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021, with earlier application permitted if IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 are also adopted. While early adoption is permitted under the standard, OSFI has indicated that early adoption is not allowed. While the Corporation is not federally regulated, it generally follows OSFI's guidance in such matters. The standard represents a comprehensive IFRS accounting model for insurance contracts and is expected to have a significant impact on financial reporting of insurers. The Corporation is in the process of assessing the impact of the new proposed standard.

#### 5. Status of CIC

CIC was established by Order in Council 535/47 dated April 2, 1947, and is continued under the provisions of *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993*. CIC is an agent of Her Majesty in Right of the Province of Saskatchewan and as a provincial Crown corporation is not subject to federal and provincial income taxes. Certain associates, joint ventures, joint operations and subsidiaries are not provincial Crown corporations and are subject to federal and provincial income taxes.

#### 6. Discontinued operations and assets held-for-sale

In the prior year, the Corporation committed to a plan to sell a natural gas processing plant within the next twelve month period. The assets are measured at the carrying amount, which is also equal to their fair value less costs to sell and are no longer depreciated.

On March 22, 2017, the Government of Saskatchewan announced that operating and capital subsidies to the Corporation's passenger and freight transportation segment would cease in the upcoming fiscal year resulting in the wind up of the segment. Passenger and freight vehicular operations ceased May 31, 2017. The Corporation and the Government of Saskatchewan are committed to a plan to liquidate the segment. The Corporation has one remaining property that is expected to be disposed of by sale within the next twelve month period and is classified as assets held for sale on the Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position. Depreciation of the asset ceased effective May 31, 2017. The carrying amount of the asset approximates fair value. Current and prior period earnings from the Corporation's passenger and freight transportation segment have been classified as discontinued operations on the Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Assets classified as held-for-sale are comprised of the following:

	June 30 2018	March 31 2018
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 10,022	\$ 10,022
	\$ 10,022	\$ 10,022

#### 6. Discontinued operations and assets held-for-sale (continued)

The impact of discontinued operations on net earnings and cash flows was comprised of the following:

	April 1 to June 30 2018			April 1 to June 30 2017	
Revenue Other income	\$	- 29	\$	1,684 173	
		29		1,857	
Operating expenses Salaries, wages and short-term employee benefits Employee future benefits Depreciation and amortization Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Impairment losses Saskatchewan taxes and fees		126 - - - - 14		1,765 2,430 188 420 - 147	
Net loss from discontinued operations	\$	(111)	\$	4,950 (3,093)	
		April 1 to June 30 2018		April 1 to June 30 2017	
Cash used in operating activities <u>Cash used in investing activities</u>	\$	2,939 -	\$	(4,613) (14)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,939	\$	(4,627)	

## 7. Equity advances and capital disclosures

CIC does not have share capital. However, CIC has received advances from the GRF to form its equity capitalization. The advances are an equity investment in CIC by the GRF.

Due to its ownership structure, CIC has no access to capital markets for equity. Equity advances in CIC are determined by the shareholder on an annual basis. Dividends to the GRF are determined through the Saskatchewan provincial budget process on an annual basis.

CIC closely monitors its debt level utilizing the debt ratio as a primary indicator of financial health. The debt ratio measures the amount of debt in CIC's capital structure. CIC uses this measure in assessing the extent of financial leverage and in turn, its financial flexibility.

Too high a ratio relative to target indicates an excessive debt burden that may impair CIC's ability to withstand downturns in revenues and still meet fixed payment obligations. The ratio is calculated as net debt divided by capitalization at the end of the period.

CIC reviews the debt ratio targets of all its subsidiary Crown corporations on an annual basis to ensure consistency with industry standards. This review includes subsidiary Crown corporations' plans for capital spending. The target debt ratios for subsidiary Crown corporations are approved by the CIC Board. CIC uses targeted debt ratios to compile a weighted average debt ratio for the CIC Crown sector.

CIC raises most of its capital requirements through internal operating activities and long-term debt through the GRF. This type of borrowing allows CIC to take advantage of the Province of Saskatchewan's strong credit rating and receive financing at attractive interest rates.

CIC made no changes to its approach to capital management during the period.

#### 7. Equity advances and capital disclosures (continued)

The debt ratio is as follows:

	June 30 2018	March 31 2018
Total debt (a)	\$ 9,574,706	\$ 9,416,769
Less: Sinking funds	(974,082)	(935,587)
Net debt	8,600,624	8,481,182
<u>Equity</u>	5,459,256	5,263,624
Capitalization	<b>\$ 14,059,880</b>	\$ 13,744,80 <u>6</u>
Debt ratio	61.2%	61.7%

a) Total debt includes long-term debt, long-term debt due within one year and notes payable.

#### 8. Accumulated other comprehensive income

	June 30 2018	March 31 2018
Items that may be reclassified to net earnings: Unrealized losses on sinking funds Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges Realized losses on cash flow hedges	\$ (13,011) (42,139) (12,039)	\$ (15,806) (43,457) (12,154)
Items that will not be reclassified to net earnings: Impact of changes in defined benefit plan	(67,189)	(71,417)
actuarial assumptions	144,434	122,973
	\$ 77,245	\$ 51,556

#### 9. Commitments and contingencies

CIC has various legal matters pending which, in the opinion of management, will not have a material effect on CIC's consolidated financial position or results of operations. Should the ultimate resolution of actions differ from management's assessments and assumptions, a material adjustment to CIC's financial position or results of operations could result.

## 10. Condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows

	April 1 to June 30 2018	April 1 to June 30 2017
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash provided from operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 219,793	\$ 215,284
Share of earnings from investments in equity		
accounted investees	(2,361)	(1,793)
Defined benefit pension plan expense	280	289
Provision for decommissioning and		
environmental remediation liabilities	28,000	-
Unrealized losses (gains) on derivative financial instruments	6,870	(6,043)
Inventory (recoveries) write-downs	(12,164)	6,600
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	5,242	6,020
Impairment (reversals) losses	(15)	8,897
Net finance expenses	111,185	118,322
Other non-cash items	(8,717)	(6,099)
Other Hon-Cash Items	(8,717)	(0,099)
	\$ 348,113	\$ 341,477

#### 11. Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of inputs used in the valuation.

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities are readily available from an active market. The Corporation defines an active market based on the frequency of valuation, any restrictions or illiquidity on disposition of the underlying asset or liability, and trading volumes.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Inputs are not based on observable market data.

CIC's financial instruments at fair value are categorized within this hierarchy as follows:

#### June 30, 2018

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 197,460	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ 197,460
Restricted cash and cash				
equivalents	46,020	-	-	46,020
Bank indebtedness	6,107	-	-	6,107
Notes payable	1,590,512	-	-	1,590,512
Investments carried at				
fair value through profit or loss	347,884	513,253	178,885	1,040,022
Investments carried at	•	•	•	
fair value through other				
comprehensive income	-	974,082	-	974,082
Investments - amortized cost	-	87,859	-	87,859
Long-term debt	-	9,255,417	-	9,255,417
Physical natural gas contracts - net	-	4,660	-	4,660
Natural gas price swaps - net	-	(156,995)	-	(156,995)
Physical electric forwards - net	-	4,261	-	4,261
Electricity contracts for differences - ne	et -	(182)	-	(182)
Foreign exchange forwards - net	-	`178 <sup>′</sup>	-	`178 <i>´</i>

#### March 31, 2018

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	170,616	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 170,616
Restricted cash and cash				
equivalents	34,731	-	=	34,731
Bank indebtedness	15,218	-	=	15,218
Notes payable	1,563,495	-	=	1,563,495
Investments carried at				
fair value through profit or loss	387,719	431,926	172,911	992,556
Investments carried at				
fair value through other				
comprehensive income	-	935,587	-	935,587
Investments - amortized cost	-	116,448	-	116,448
Long-term debt	-	9,027,902	-	9,027,902
Physical natural gas contracts - net	-	10,182	-	10,182
Natural gas price swaps - net	-	(164,974	) -	(164,974)
Physical electricity forwards - net	-	8,464	-	8,464
Electricity contracts for differences - ne	t -	(215	) -	(215)
Foreign exchange forwards - net	-	(47	) -	(47)

## CIC SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



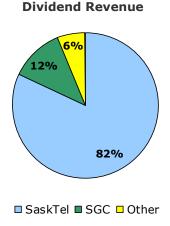
## **Separate Financial Statements**

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

CIC is the Provincial Government's holding company for its commercial Crowns. CIC has invested equity in its subsidiary Crown corporations and collects dividends from these corporations. Dividends are based on the overall financial health of the subsidiary Crown and its need for capital investment.

This narrative on CIC's separate June 30, 2018 first quarter results should be read in conjunction with the March 31, 2018 audited separate financial statements.

For the purposes of this narrative on CIC's separate financial results, "CIC" refers to the holding company.



## **Financial Results**

CIC Separa	ite First Quarter Earnings	For the three months ended			ended
(millions of	dollars)		June 30		June 30
(unaudited)			2018		2017
Dividend re	evenue	\$	36.7	\$	40.2
Add: Fir	nance and other revenue		0.3		0.2
Less: Op	perating, salaries and other expenses		(2.4)		(2.4)
Gr	ants to subsidiary corporations				<u>(7.0</u> )
Total Sepa	rate Earnings	<u>\$</u>	34.6	<u>\$</u>	31.0

## **Net Earnings**

Net earnings for the three months ended June 30, 2018 were \$34.6 million (2017 - \$31.0 million), an increase of \$3.6 million over the prior year. The increase in earnings is primarily due to a decrease in grants to subsidiary corporations of \$7.0 million offset by lower dividend revenue of \$3.5 million. A more detailed discussion of net earnings is included on the following pages.

## **Dividend Revenue**

Dividend revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$36.7 million (2017 - \$40.2 million). The \$3.5 million decrease is primarily due to \$6.2 million lower dividends from SGI CANADA as a result of its Q1 2018-19 dividend being deferred due to higher summer storm claims. SaskEnergy and SGI CANADA's cash balances can be low in certain quarters due to seasonality. The decrease in dividends is offset by SaskTel declaring a \$2.5 million higher dividend than in the same period of 2017-18 as a result of stronger financial performance and more capacity to pay a higher dividend. Crown dividend capacity considers infrastructure reinvestment requirements and financial performance.

## **Dividend Revenue (continued)**

For the first three months of each fiscal period, dividends from subsidiary Crown corporations are typically based on 25 per cent of forecast dividends for the period. However, impacts on Crowns such as weather can result in insufficient earnings to provide dividends. For example, the majority of SaskEnergy's earnings are in colder months. The forecast dividend is calculated in accordance with CIC's dividend policy and typically based on a percentage of earnings from operations; however, various factors may lead to an amount being set on an alternate basis. Dividend targets are based on the overall financial health of the subsidiary Crown and its need for capital investment. These targets are subject to change during the period if there is a significant change in circumstances. The 2018-19 budgeted dividends and per cent of operating earnings are as follows:

CIC Crown Corporations 2018-19 Earnings & Dividend Budget (millions of dollars)				
	Ea	arnings (Loss)	Dividend to CIC	Dividend % of Operating Earnings <sup>1</sup>
SaskPower	\$	176.7	\$ -	-
SaskTel		133.0	119.7	90%
SaskEnergy		68.4	23.9	35%
SGI CANADA <sup>2</sup>		60.7	39.0	N/A
SGC		23.0	18.4	80%
CIC AMI		7.6	-	-
SaskWater		6.2	1.6	25%
SOCO		3.4	3.0	90%
SIIF		0.1	-	-
STC <sup>3</sup>		(0.5)	6.4	N/A
CIC (separate) and other <sup>4</sup>		(9.1)	4.3	N/A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Dividends paid to CIC are typically based on a percentage of operating earnings; however, various factors may lead to a dividend amount being set on an alternate basis.

## **Operating, Salaries and Other Expenses**

Operating, salaries and other expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2018 were \$2.4 million (2017 - \$2.4 million). CIC continues to show restraint and these expenses are consistent with the same period of 2017-18.

#### **Grants to Subsidiary Corporations**

In the three months ended June 30, 2018, CIC provided Nil (2017 - \$7.0 million) in grants to subsidiary corporations. In the first quarter of 2017-18, STC received \$7.0 million in grants to support operations and wind-up activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> SGI CANADA's dividend payout has been set at an amount in alignment with achieving the company's minimum capital test target of 242 per cent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Due to wind up of STC, the dividend will include all remaining cash at year end estimated at \$6.4 million.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes FNMF, CIC Economic Holdco Ltd., other interagency adjustments and dividend for CIC's 31.0 per cent ownership of ISC.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Cash Flow Highlights	For the three months ended			
(millions of dollars)	J	une 30		June 30
(unaudited)		2018		2017
Net cash from operating activities  Net cash used in investing activities	\$	71.7 (24.7)	\$	52.9 (30.0)
Net cash used in financing activities  Net change in cash	<del></del> \$	<del></del> 47.0	<u></u>	22.9

#### Liquidity

CIC finances its capital requirements through internally-generated cash flow and in rare circumstances, through borrowing from the GRF. The GRF borrows on CIC's behalf in capital markets.

### Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

Net cash from operating activities for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$71.7 million (2017 - \$52.9 million). The \$18.8 million increase in cash is due mainly to a \$15.3 million increase from net changes in non-cash working capital balances related to operations primarily as a result of a change in dividends receivable from subsidiary Crown corporations.

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$24.7 million (2017 - \$30.0 million), a decrease of \$5.3 million. This decrease in cash flows was primarily due to a reclassification of \$6.9 million between cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. Short-term investments that have a maturity date of 90 days or less are classified as cash and cash equivalents. CIC also received a \$1.7 million repayment from CIC's investment in First Nations & Métis Fund Inc. in the first quarter of 2017-18 and did not receive a repayment in the first quarter of 2018-19.

## **Debt Management**

CIC, the legal entity, has no debt. Currently, CIC does not expect to borrow in 2018-19.

#### **Outlook and Key Factors Affecting Performance**

Since CIC is a holding company, the key factor affecting its earnings is the level of subsidiary Crown corporation earnings and, in turn, dividends. The CIC Board determines dividend levels after considering medium term reinvestment needs within each Crown corporation to sustain operations, to grow and diversify, and for debt reduction if necessary.

CIC regularly assesses the appropriateness of the carrying value of its investments, and writes down an investment if it judges there to be a permanent impairment in carrying value. CIC regularly reviews its investments with private sector partners to determine the appropriateness of retention or sale.

#### Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Separate Interim Statement of Financial Position As at (thousands of dollars)

	Note	(Unaudited) June 30 2018	(Audited*) March 31 2018
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents		<b>\$ 106,594</b>	\$ 59,586
Short-term investments		24,996	-
Interest and accounts receivable		140	36
Dividends receivable		35,595	73,521
		167,325	133,143
Equity advances to Crown corporations	6	1,168,074	1,168,074
Investments in share capital corporations		2,428	2,428
Equipment		228	248
		<b>\$ 1,338,055</b>	\$ 1,303,893
LIABILITIES AND PROVINCE'S EQUITY			
Current			
Interest and accounts payable		\$ <u>1,897</u>	\$ 2,344
Province of Saskatchewan's Equity			
Equity advances		908,889	908,889
Retained earnings		427,269	392,660
		1,336,158	1,301,549
		<b>\$ 1,338,055</b>	\$ 1,303,893

(See accompanying notes)

<sup>\*</sup>As presented in the audited March 31, 2018 separate statement of financial position.

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Separate Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

		April 1 to	April 1 to
	Note	June 30 2018	June 30 2017
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS Dividend	7	\$ 36,680	\$ 40,206
<b>EXPENSES</b> Operating Salaries and short-term employee benefits Employee future benefits Depreciation		897 1,391 92 20	874 1,398 89 10
		2,400	2,371
EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS		34,280	37,835
Finance income Finance expenses		331 (2)	198 ( <u>2</u> )
NET FINANCE INCOME		329	196
EARNINGS BEFORE PUBLIC POLICY INITIATIVES  Crapts to Sackatchewan Transportation Con	nnany	34,609	38,031
Grants to Saskatchewan Transportation Con	npany		(7,000)
NET EARNINGS  OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		34,609	31,031
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN		\$ 34,609	\$ 31,031

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Separate Interim Statement of Changes in Equity For the period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

#### Attributable to the Province of Saskatchewan

	Equity Advances	Retained Earnings	Tot Equi
Balance at April 1, 2017  Total comprehensive income	\$ 908,889	\$ <b>384,495</b> 31,031	<b>\$ 1,293,38</b> 31,03
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 908,889	\$ 415,526	\$ 1,324,41
Balance at April 1, 2018  Total comprehensive income	\$ 908,889 -	\$ <b>392,660</b> 34,609	<b>\$ 1,301,5</b> 4
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 908,889	\$ 427,269	\$ 1,336,15

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Separate Interim Statement of Cash Flows For the Period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

	Note	April 1 to June 30 2018	April 1 to June 30 2017
	HOLE	2010	2017
OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net earnings  Items not affecting cash from operations		\$ 34,609	\$ 31,031
Depreciation  Net finance income		20 (329)	10 <u>(196</u> )
Net change in non-cash working capital		34,300	30,845
balances related to operations  Interest paid	8	37,375 (2)	22,076 <u>(2</u> )
Net cash from operating activities		 71,673	 52,919
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received Increase in short-term investments Repayment from First Nations & Métis Fund Inc. Purchase of equipment		331 (24,996) - -	198 (31,911) 1,750 (18)
Net cash used in investing activities		 (24,665)	(29,981)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Dividend paid to General Revenue Fund		 -	<u> </u>
Net cash used in financing activities		-	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DURING PERIOD		47,008	22,938
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		59,586	52,628
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD		\$ 106,594	\$ 75,56 <u>6</u>

(See accompanying notes)

#### 1. General information

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) is a corporation domiciled in Canada. The address of CIC's registered office and principal place of business is 400 - 2400 College Avenue, Regina, SK, S4P 1C8. CIC was established to act as a holding corporation for the Province's commercial Crown sector. CIC develops broad corporate policy, directs investments for its subsidiaries and provides dividends to the Province's General Revenue Fund (GRF). A list of CIC's subsidiaries is contained in Note 4.

#### 2. Basis of preparation

#### a) Statement of compliance

The condensed separate interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. The policies set out have been consistently applied to all the periods presented unless otherwise noted. CIC's condensed separate interim financial statements are prepared at the request of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan. The condensed separate interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the March 31, 2018 audited separate financial statements.

The condensed separate interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the CIC Board of Directors on September 12, 2018.

#### b) Functional and presentation currency

These condensed separate interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is CIC's functional currency.

#### 3. Application of revised accounting standards

The following amendments to standards, effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, have been applied in preparing these interim condensed separate financial statements:

#### IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Corporation has adopted IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers with a date of initial application of April 1, 2018. In accordance with the transition provisions of IFRS 15, the Corporation has applied IFRS 15 using the cumulative effect method, which recognizes the cumulative effect of initially applying IFRS 15 as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at April 1, 2018. As a result, comparative information has not been restated.

The standard does not have a material impact on the condensed separate financial statements.

### 4. Status of Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan

CIC was established by Order in Council 535/47 dated April 2, 1947, and is continued under the provisions of *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993* (the Act). CIC is an agent of Her Majesty in Right of the Province of Saskatchewan and as a provincial Crown corporation is not subject to federal and provincial income taxes. Certain jointly controlled enterprises and subsidiaries are not provincial Crown corporations and are subject to federal and provincial income taxes.

The Act assigns specific financial and other responsibilities to CIC regarding Crown corporations designated or created as subsidiary Crown corporations of CIC under the Act. The following wholly-owned Crown corporations have been designated or created by Order in Council:

Saskatchewan Power Corporation SaskEnergy Incorporated Saskatchewan Water Corporation Saskatchewan Government Insurance Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Holding Corporation
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation
Saskatchewan Transportation Company

In addition to the above Crown corporations, CIC is the sole shareholder of CIC Asset Management Inc. (CIC AMI), First Nations and Métis Fund Inc. (FNMF), Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund Inc. (SIIF), and CIC Economic Holdco Ltd., which are wholly-owned share capital subsidiaries. All subsidiary Corporations are domiciled in Canada.

#### 5. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these condensed separate interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's March 31, 2018 audited separate financial statements except as described in Note 3.

CIC's condensed separate interim financial statements do not consolidate the activities of its subsidiaries. Other than this exception, the accounting policies have been consistently applied by CIC's subsidiary corporations.

CIC prepares condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized by the CIC Board of Directors on September 12, 2018. CIC's condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be referenced for further information.

## 6. Equity advances to Crown corporations

		June 30 2018	March 31 2018
Saskatchewan Power Corporation	\$	659,993	\$ 659,993
Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation	•	250,000	250,000
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation		97,850	97,850
Saskatchewan Government Insurance		80,000	80,000
SaskEnergy Incorporated		71,531	71,531
Saskatchewan Water Corporation		8,700	8,700
	\$	1.168.074	\$ 1.168.074

#### 7. Dividend revenue

	April 1 to June 30 2018	April 1 to June 30 2017
Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation Information Services Corporation Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation Saskatchewan Water Corporation Saskatchewan Government Insurance SaskEnergy Incorporated	\$ 29,936 4,509 1,085 762 388 -	\$ 27,475 4,707 1,085 325 364 6,250
	\$ 36,680	\$ 40,206

## 8. Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations

	April 1 to June 30 2018	April 1 to June 30 2017
Increase in interest and accounts receivable Decrease in dividends receivable Decrease in interest and accounts payable	\$ (104) 37,926 (447)	\$ (4) 22,305 (22 <u>5</u> )
	\$ 37,375	\$ 22,076