Quarter 2 Financial Report For the period ended September 30, 2016

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Introduction

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) is the Provincial Government's holding corporation for its commercial Crown corporations. CIC has invested equity in its subsidiary corporations and collects dividends from these corporations.

The purpose of the following discussion is to provide users of CIC's financial statements with an overview of its financial health. This narrative on CIC's 2016-17 second quarter financial results should be read in conjunction with the March 31, 2016 audited consolidated and separate financial statements. The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's March 31, 2016 audited consolidated financial statements, except as described in Note 3 to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

To facilitate greater transparency and accountability, CIC prepares two different sets of financial statements: CIC's consolidated financial statements that report on the commercial Crown sector; and CIC's separate financial statements that reflect its role as a holding corporation for the Province.

CIC Consolidated Financial Statements

CIC's consolidated financial statements include CIC's results consolidated with the results of its subsidiary corporations. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements (herein after referred to as the "consolidated financial statements") are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and include:

• Financial results of subsidiary Crown corporations;

SaskEnergy Incorporated (SaskEnergy)
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation (SGC)
Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI CANADA)
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation (SOCO)
Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SaskPower)

Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Holding Corporation and Saskatchewan
Telecommunications (collectively SaskTel)
Saskatchewan Transportation Company (STC)
Saskatchewan Water Corporation (SaskWater)

Financial results of wholly-owned subsidiary share capital corporations;

CIC Asset Management Inc. (CIC AMI)
CIC Economic Holdco Ltd.
First Nations and Métis Fund Inc. (FNMF)
Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund Inc. (SIIF)

- Costs incurred by its wholly-owned non-profit subsidiary Gradworks Inc.;
- Dividends paid by CIC to the General Revenue Fund (GRF); and
- CIC's operating costs, public policy expenditures and interest earned on cash and cash equivalents, short-term investment balances and equity earnings on equity accounted investees.

Consolidated earnings represent the total earnings in the Crown sector, taking into consideration the elimination of all inter-group transactions (i.e. revenues and expenses between Crown corporations and dividends paid by Crown corporations to CIC).

CIC Separate Financial Statements

CIC's separate financial statements are used to determine CIC's capacity to pay dividends to the Province's GRF. The unaudited condensed separate interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 27 - Separate Financial Statements and IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting at the request of the Saskatchewan Legislative Assembly. These financial statements are intended to isolate the Corporation's cash-flow, capital support for certain subsidiary corporations, and public policy expenditures. These financial statements include:

- Dividends from subsidiary Crown corporations (SaskTel, SGI CANADA, SGC and SaskWater);
- Dividends from the Corporation's investment in Information Services Corporation;
- Dividends paid by CIC to the GRF;
- Grants to subsidiary corporations; and
- CIC's operating results and public policy expenditures.

Consolidated Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) highlights the primary factors that have an impact on the consolidated financial results and operations of CIC. It should be read in conjunction with CIC's consolidated financial statements and supporting notes for the period ended September 30, 2016. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting*.

The consolidated financial statements do not include all the disclosures included in CIC's annual audited consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with CIC's March 31, 2016 audited consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's March 31, 2016 audited consolidated financial statements, except as described in Note 3 to these consolidated financial statements.

For purposes of CIC's consolidated MD&A, "CIC" and "the Corporation" refers to the consolidated entity.

Forward-Looking Information

Throughout the quarterly report, and particularly in the following discussion, are forward-looking statements. These statements can be recognized by terms such as "outlook," "expect," "anticipate," "project," "continue," or other expressions that relate to estimations or future events. By their nature, forward-looking statements require assumptions based on current information, management experience and historical performance. Forward-looking information is subject to uncertainties, and, as a result, forward-looking statements are not a guarantee about the future performance of CIC and its subsidiary Crown corporations.

Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, as a number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates, predictions and assumptions. Factors that can influence performance include, but are not limited to: weather conditions, commodity markets, general economic and political conditions, interest and exchange rates, competition and regulatory environment. Given these uncertainties, assumptions contained in the forward-looking statements may or may not occur.

Major Lines of Business

CIC is involved in a broad array of industries through various forms of investment. A number of investments are held as wholly-owned subsidiaries, while others are associates, joint ventures and joint operations, held through CIC's wholly-owned subsidiaries.

The following table lists significant wholly-owned subsidiaries, including the respective business line, which CIC consolidates in its financial statements:

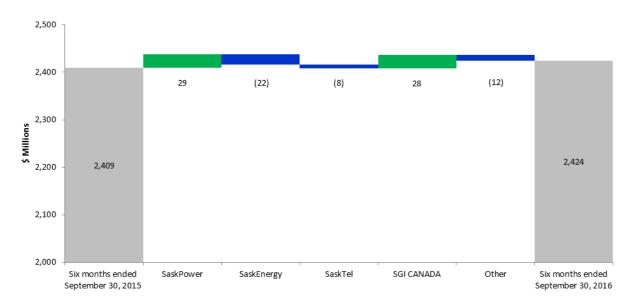
Туре	Investment	Major Business Line
	Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SaskPower)	Electricity
	Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding	Information and Communications
	Corporation and Saskatchewan Telecommunications	Technology
Utilities	(collectively SaskTel)	
	SaskEnergy Incorporated (SaskEnergy)	Natural Gas Storage and Delivery
	Saskatchewan Water Corporation (SaskWater)	Water and Wastewater
		Management
Insurance	Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI CANADA)	Property and Casualty Insurance
Entertainment	Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation (SGC)	Entertainment
Investment	CIC Asset Management Inc. (CIC AMI)	Investments
and Economic	Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation (SOCO)	Research Parks
Growth	Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund (SIIF)	Construction Loans
Transportation	Saskatchewan Transportation Company (STC)	Passenger and Freight
		Transportation

Subsidiary Corporation Earnings				
	For the six months ended			
(millions of dollars)	Sep	tember 30	Sep	tember 30
(unaudited)	-	2016		2015
SaskTel	\$	72.0	\$	64.3
SaskEnergy		59.8		(21.1)
SGI CANADA		13.2		(20.3)
SGC		12.6		14.1
SaskPower		10.7		(23.0)
SaskWater		4.5		3.9
CIC AMI		8.0		2.0
STC		0.3		2.2
SIIF		(0.3)		(0.4)
SOCO		(0.5)		0.7
CIC (separate)		30.0		48.9
Other ¹		(40.9)		(74.8)
Net earnings	<u>\$</u>	162.2	\$	(3.5)

¹ Includes First Nations and Métis Fund Inc., Gradworks Inc., CIC Economic Holdco Ltd., CIC's investment in Information Services Corporation and consolidation adjustments. Consolidation adjustments reflect the elimination of all inter-entity transactions, such as grants from CIC to Crown corporations, revenues and expenses between Crown corporations and dividends paid by Crown corporations to CIC.

The Corporation experienced strong earnings in the six months ended September 30, 2016 primarily due to favourable non-cash market value adjustments on natural gas contracts and investment earnings. SaskTel, SaskEnergy, SGI CANADA and SaskPower showed growth in net earnings. A prior period impairment in CIC's investment in Information Services Corporation (ISC) reduced earnings in the prior period. The Corporation's consolidated net earnings for the six months ended September 30, 2016 were \$162.2 million (2015 - \$3.5 million loss) or \$165.7 million higher than the same period in 2015. A more detailed discussion of net earnings in included on the pages following.

Changes in Revenue



Revenue for the six months ended September 30, 2016 was \$2,424.3 million (September 2015 - \$2,409.1 million) or a \$15.2 million increase over the same period in 2015 primarily related to increases at SaskPower and SGI CANADA, partially offset by decreased revenue at SaskEnergy and SaskTel.

SaskPower revenue increased by \$29.2 million primarily due to a 5.0 per cent system-wide average rate increase which became effective July 1, 2016 and a rise in sales volumes from growth in demand from the oilfield and commercial customers. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in wind power incentives received from the Government of Canada and reduced fly ash sales.

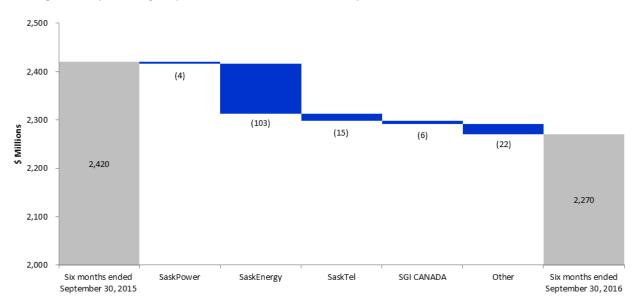
SaskEnergy revenue decreased by \$21.9 million primarily due to a decrease in commodity sales. Commodity sales decreased due to a rate decrease effective January 1, 2016 and lower volumes delivered to residential and commercial customers as a result of warmer weather. These decreases were partially offset by increased delivery revenue as a result of a 4.5 per cent rate increase effective January 1, 2016 and increased transportation and storage revenue due to higher industrial customer demand and a 2.5 per cent transportation rate increase effective January 1, 2016.

SaskTel revenue decreased by \$7.6 million primarily due to fewer landline customers as a result of customers removing landlines and only using wireless services. The decrease was partially offset by increased internet, wireless and $maxTV^{TM}$ revenue resulting from increased customers.

SGI CANADA revenue increased by \$27.7 million primarily due to increases in premiums written in Saskatchewan and Alberta. Saskatchewan premiums written increased due to price increases as a result of rate increases that included inflation in personal lines and agriculture. Customer growth in personal lines, commercial lines and personal auto contributed to the majority of the increase in Alberta.

Operating Expenses and Net Finance Expense

Changes in Operating Expenses and Net Finance Expense



Operating expenses and net finance expense for the six months ended September 30, 2016 were \$2,269.7 million (September 2015 - \$2,419.6 million) or a \$149.9 million decrease from the same period in 2015 primarily related to decreases at SaskPower, SaskEnergy, SaskTel and SGI CANADA and a prior period impairment of CIC's investment in ISC that did not occur in 2016.

Operating and net finance expense decreased at SaskPower by \$4.3 million primarily due to favourable non-cash market value adjustments on natural gas contracts and sinking funds. These decreases were partially offset by increased overhaul activity at generation facilities, increased planned and emergency maintenance at distribution facilities and additional customer lighting incentive programs during the period. In addition, SaskPower experienced increased depreciation and finance charges due to capital investment.

Operating and net finance expense decreased at SaskEnergy by \$102.7 million primarily due to favourable non-cash market value adjustments on natural gas derivative instruments, natural gas in storage and sinking funds. In addition, commodity purchases decreased due to lower gas volume to customers related to warm weather.

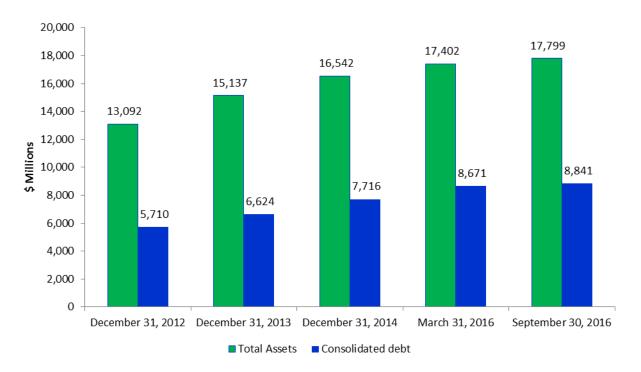
Operating and net finance expense decreased at SaskTel by \$15.5 million primarily due to favourable non-cash market value adjustments on sinking funds.

Operating and net finance expense decreased at SGI CANADA by \$5.8 million primarily due to increased investment earnings. Increased equity prices and decreased interest rates on fixed income investments resulted in higher capital gains. This was partially offset by increased storm claims in Alberta and increases in both the frequency and severity of auto claims in Ontario.

Operating and net finance expense also decreased due to a \$15.7 million impairment of CIC's 31.0 per cent ownership of ISC during the six month period ended September 30, 2015 that did not occur in 2016.

Capital Spending

Total Assets and Consolidated Debt



In the six months ended September 30, 2016, property, plant and equipment, intangible asset and investment property purchases were \$596.8 million (September 2015 - \$739.1 million) or a \$142.3 million decrease from the same period in 2015. Major capital expenditures included:

- \$354.4 million at SaskPower related to connecting customers to the electric system, sustaining generation facilities and sustaining and expanding transmission and distribution infrastructure;
- \$137.8 million at SaskTel on growth initiatives such as Fibre to the Premises as well as data centre functionality and the Mosaic Stadium infrastructure project;
- \$85.9 million at SaskEnergy primarily related to customer connections, system expansions to meet residential and industrial customer growth and spending to ensure the safety and integrity of its extensive distribution and transmission systems; and
- \$10.6 million at SaskWater primarily related to system expansions to supply new customers within the potash industry and existing customers with growing demands, system upgrades and infrastructure management of existing assets.

Consolidated debt at September 30, 2016 was \$8,840.8 million (March 31, 2016 - \$8,671.3 million), an increase of \$169.5 million. The increase is primarily due to additional debt at SaskPower and SaskEnergy used to fund a portion of their capital expenditures during the period. This was partially offset by a \$23.7 million decrease at SIIF as a result of repayments made to the Government of Canada pursuant to the Immigrant Investor Program.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

CIC and its subsidiary Crowns finance capital requirements through internally generated cash flow and borrowing. The GRF borrows in capital markets on behalf of Crowns. The GRF has sufficient access to capital markets for anticipated borrowing requirements.

Province of Saskatchewan Credit Ratings on Long-Term Debt as at September 30, 2016

Moody's Investor Service
Standard & Poor's
Dominion Bond Rating Service
AA

¹ On June 24, 2016, Standard & Poor's downgraded Saskatchewan's credit rating from AAA to AA+. The downgrade is consistent with Standard & Poor's treatment of other resource-based economies.

Cash Flow Highlights (millions of dollars) (unaudited)	Septe	For the six ember 30 2016	s ended ember 30 2015
Net cash from operating activities Net cash used in investing activities Debt proceeds received Debt repaid Increase in notes payable Other financing activities	\$	487.9 (598.5) 184.9 (116.4) 94.9 (26.5)	\$ 583.5 (876.7) 184.7 (6.9) 82.9 (47.8)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	26.3	\$ (80.3)

Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

Net cash from operating activities for the six months ended September 30, 2016 was \$487.9 million (September 2015 - \$583.5 million) or a decrease of \$95.6 million. Cash from operating activities declined primarily due to an \$85.1 million decrease from changes in non-cash working capital balances.

Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended September 30, 2016 was \$598.5 million (September 2015 - \$876.7 million). The \$278.2 million decrease in cash outflows is primarily related to a decrease in capital expenditures at SaskPower and SaskEnergy due to the completion of major capital projects. Also contributing to the decrease in cash outflows is decreased investment purchases at SGI due to active portfolio management and at CIC (separate) due to less cash available for investing.

Net cash from financing activities for the six months ended September 30, 2016 was \$136.9 million (September 2015 - \$212.9 million). The decreased cash inflow of \$76.0 million was due to an increase in debt repayments, partially offset by an increase in notes payable and in sinking fund redemptions. The overall decrease in net cash from financing activities is primarily related to the decrease in capital expenditures noted above.

Debt Management

CIC and its subsidiary Crowns prudently manage debt to maintain and enhance financial flexibility. The CIC Board has approved debt targets for CIC and its commercial subsidiaries that take into account their individual circumstances and industry benchmarks.

Outlook

The Corporation's outlook related to net earnings is highly dependent upon the performance and management of the subsidiary corporations. Earnings expectations are also subject to many variables including: weather conditions, commodity markets, general economic and political conditions, interest and exchange rates, performance and competition, and the regulatory environment.

The Corporation projects continued strong operating performance. Net earnings are largely driven by utility Crowns that have relatively stable operating environments, stable or growing customer demand, and rates that are set in accordance with commercial principles. The Corporation anticipates significant ongoing challenges including maintaining and expanding utility infrastructure at SaskPower, SaskEnergy and SaskWater, as well as keeping pace with industry technological change at SaskTel. Significant capital expenditures in these companies are expected in the medium term.

In addition, continued volatility in financial markets may further affect valuation of pension liabilities, portfolio investments, and natural gas price management instruments and inventory.

	Note	September 30 2016	March 31 2016
ASSETS			
Current Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Short-term investments under securities lending program Accounts receivable Restricted cash and cash equivalents Derivative financial assets Inventories Prepaid expenses		\$ 296,845 254,716 32,280 837,644 53,970 6,554 386,026 178,320 2,046,355	\$ 270,491 246,359 63,768 848,295 71,270 11,374 323,324 178,736 2,013,617
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Long-term investments Long-term investments under securities lending program Investments in equity accounted investees Property, plant and equipment Investment property Intangible assets Other assets		4,717 1,559,550 99,743 122,185 13,380,094 165,305 409,244 12,075 \$ 17,799,268	4,724 1,418,289 94,289 120,464 13,160,220 166,424 412,123 12,230 \$ 17,402,380
LIABILITIES AND PROVINCE'S EQUITY			
Current Trade and other payables Derivative financial liabilities Notes payable Deferred revenue Provisions Finance lease obligations Long-term debt due within one year		\$ 691,738 208,127 1,618,001 572,848 225,652 13,293 334,773 3,664,432	\$ 718,426 266,086 1,523,083 509,657 195,058 12,019 263,935 3,488,264
Provisions Finance lease obligations Long-term debt Employee future benefits Other liabilities		682,530 1,130,410 6,888,010 508,324 225,104	625,578 1,132,497 6,884,256 464,085 218,445
Province of Saskatchewan's Equity		13,078,810	12,613,125
Equity advances Contributed surplus Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive loss	7	908,889 85 3,966,398 (174,914) 4,700,458 \$ 17,799,268	908,889 85 3,804,178 (123,897) 4,589,255 \$ 17,402,380
Commitments and contingencies	8		
(See accompanying notes)			

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the Period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

	July 1 to September 30 2016	July 1 to September 30 2015	April 1 to September 30 2016	April 1 to September 30 2015
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS				
Revenue	\$ 1,254,797	\$ 1,200,435	\$ 2,424,307	\$ 2,409,086
Other income	<u>1.655</u>	2,149	<u>3.704</u>	3,601
EXPENSES	<u>1,256,452</u>	1,202,584	2,428,011	2,412,687
Operating	657,750	646,756	1,113,340	1,211,129
Salaries, wages and short-term employee benefits	221,216	210,633	450,384	431,270
Employee future benefits	10,391	9,906	21,122	20,277
Depreciation and amortization	203,788	193,877	408,549	387,887
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	5,295	6,678	7,823	9,759
Impairment losses	1,307	507	1,446	16,001
Research and development	38	73	41	121
Provision for environmental remediation liabilities	40.040	26	- 0/ 507	26
Saskatchewan taxes and fees	43,919	40,377	<u>86,587</u>	<u>81,328</u>
	1,143,704	1,108,833	2,089,292	2,157,798
RESULTS FROM OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES	112,748	93,751	338,719	254,889
Finance income	40,427	11,676	92,382	23,357
Finance expenses	(136,728)	(141,362)	(272,772)	(285,161)
NET FINANCE EXPENSES	(96,301)	(129,686)	(180,390)	(261,804)
EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	16,447	(35,935)	158,329	(6,915)
Share of net earnings from equity accounted investees	1,212	1,779	3,891	3,428
NET EARNINGS (LOSS)	17,659	(34,156)	162,220	(3,487)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
Defined benefit plan actuarial gains (losses) Unrealized (loss) gain on cash flow hedges Realized loss on cash flow hedges Amounts amortized to net earnings and	10,357 (3,558) -	(40,512) (10,685) -	(38,238) (12,976) -	33,890 30,739 (7,004)
included in net finance expenses	98	12	<u> 197</u>	(9)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	6.897	(51,185)	(51.017)	<u>57,616</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN	<u>\$ 24,556</u>	<u>\$ (85,341</u>)	<u>\$ 111,203</u>	<u>\$ 54,129</u>

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Equity For the Period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

	Attributable to the Province of Saskatchewan				
	Equity Advances		Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Equity
Balance at April 1, 2015 Total comprehensive (loss) income Dividends to the GRF	\$ 908,889 - -	\$ 85 - 	\$ 3,927,818 (3,487)	\$ (125,802) 57,616	\$ 4,710,990 54,129
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$ 908,889	<u>\$ 85</u>	\$ 3,924,331	<u>\$ (68,186</u>)	<u>\$ 4,765,119</u>
Balance at October 1, 2015 Total comprehensive income (loss) Dividends to the GRF	\$ 908,889 - -	\$ 85 - 	\$ 3,924,331 177,046 (297,199)	\$ (68,186) (55,711)	\$ 4,765,119 121,335 (297,199)
Balance at March 31, 2016	\$ 908,889	<u>\$ 85</u>	<u>\$ 3,804,178</u>	<u>\$ (123,897</u>)	<u>\$ 4,589,255</u>
Balance at April 1, 2016 Total comprehensive income (loss) Dividends to the GRF	\$ 908,889 - -	\$ 85 - 	\$ 3,804,178 162,220	\$ (123,897) (51,017)	\$ 4,589,255 111,203
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ 908,889	<u>\$ 85</u>	<u>\$ 3,966,398</u>	<u>\$ (174,914</u>)	\$ 4,700,458

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Cash Flows For the Period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

	Note	Se	April 1 to ptember 30 2016	Se	April 1 to ptember 30 2015
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net earnings (loss)		\$	162,220	\$	(3,487)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash from operating activities	9		<u>512.181</u>		682,589
			674,401		679,102
Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations			68,272		153,336
Interest paid			(254,755)		(248,888)
Net cash from operating activities			487.918		583,550
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest received			13,970		14,514
Dividends received Purchase of investments			585 (450,143)		663 (754,638)
Proceeds from sale and collection of investments			416,381		601,990
Purchase of property, plant and equipment			(562,659)		(670,668)
(Costs) proceeds related to sale of property, plant and	equipment		(1,515)		1,522
Purchase of intangible assets			(30,700)		(66,953)
Purchase of investment property			(3,425)		(1,481)
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash and cash equival	lents		17,307		(1,787)
Decrease in other assets		_	<u>1,696</u>		119
Net cash used in investing activities			(598,50 <u>3</u>)		(876,719)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			04.040		22.000
Increase in notes payable Increase (decrease) in other liabilities			94,918 3,921		82,893 (8,120)
Debt proceeds from the GRF			184,468		183,979
Debt repayments to the GRF			(82,562)		-
Debt proceeds from other lenders			399		769
Debt repayments to other lenders			(33,790)		(6,900)
Sinking fund instalments			(39,709)		(39,709)
Sinking fund redemptions			9.294		<u>-</u>
Net cash from financing activities		_	136,939		212,912
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DURING PERIOD			26,354		(80,257)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD			270,491		398,844
BEGINNING OF PERIOD		-	270,491		390,044
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD		<u>\$</u>	296,845	<u>\$</u>	318,587
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:					
Cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations		\$	296,845	\$	331,751
Bank indebtedness from continuing operations			<u>-</u>		(13,164)
(See accompanying notes)		<u>\$</u>	<u> 296,845</u>	<u>\$</u>	318,587

1. General information

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) is a corporation domiciled in Canada. The address of CIC's registered office and principal place of business is 400 - 2400 College Avenue, Regina, SK, S4P 1C8. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of CIC comprise CIC and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "CIC" or "the Corporation") and CIC's interest in associates, joint ventures and joint operations with principal activities as described in Note 4 (a).

The results included in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements should not be taken as indicative of the performance to be expected for a full fiscal year due to the seasonal nature of corporate operations.

2. Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the March 31, 2016 audited consolidated financial statements.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 29, 2016.

b) Change of year end

The Corporation was directed by the provincial government to change its fiscal year end to March 31 to coincide with that of the Province of Saskatchewan. Information included in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements reflects the second fiscal quarter consisting of the six months ended September 30, 2016 as compared to the six months ended September 30, 2015.

c) Functional and presentation currency

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is CIC's functional currency.

3. Application of revised accounting standards

The following amendments to standards, effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2016, have been applied in preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements:

- IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements
- IAS 16, Property Plant and Equipment and IAS 38, Intangible Assets
- IFRS 11, Joint Arrangements
- Annual Improvements Cycle 2012-2014

The adoption of these amended standards had no material impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

4. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's March 31, 2016 audited consolidated financial statements, except as described in Note 3.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements and have been consistently applied by CIC's subsidiaries.

4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

a) Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries

Saskatchewan provincial Crown corporations are either designated as subsidiary Crown corporations of CIC or created as CIC Crown corporations under *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993* (the Act). The Act assigns specific financial and other responsibilities regarding these corporations to CIC.

In addition to the Crown corporations listed below, the Corporation also consolidates the accounts of Gradworks Inc., a wholly-owned non-profit subsidiary, and the following wholly-owned share capital subsidiaries: CIC Asset Management Inc.; First Nations and Métis Fund Inc.; CIC Economic Holdco Ltd.; and Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund Inc., all of which are domiciled in Canada.

Unaudited condensed separate interim financial statements for CIC have been prepared to show the financial position and results of operations of the corporate entity. In addition, condensed interim financial statements for each of the undernoted Crown corporations, which are consolidated in these financial statements, are prepared and released publicly:

Wholly-owned subsidiaries domiciled in Canada

Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SaskPower)
Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation and Saskatchewan Telecommunications (collectively SaskTel)
SaskEnergy Incorporated (SaskEnergy)
Saskatchewan Water Corporation (SaskWater)
Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI CANADA)
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation (SGC)
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation (SOCO)

Saskatchewan Transportation Company (STC)

Principal activity

Electricity

Information and communications technology Natural gas storage and delivery Water and wastewater management Property and casualty insurance Entertainment Research parks Passenger and freight transportation

Associates and joint ventures (investments in equity accounted investees)

Associates are those entities in which CIC has significant influence, but not control, over strategic financial and operating decisions. Significant influence is presumed to exist when CIC holds between 20.0 and 50.0 per cent of the voting power of another entity.

Joint ventures are those entities over whose activities CIC has joint control, established by contractual agreement and requiring unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions; and provide CIC with rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

Associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. CIC's investment includes any goodwill identified at acquisition, net of accumulated impairment losses. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include CIC's share of the total comprehensive income and equity movements of equity accounted investees, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of CIC, from the date that significant influence or joint control commences until the date that significant influence or joint control ceases. When CIC's share of losses exceeds its interest in equity accounted investees, the carrying amount of that interest is reduced and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that CIC has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee.

Joint operations

Joint operations are those entities over whose activities CIC has joint control, established by contractual agreement and requiring unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions; and provide CIC with rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities, related to the arrangement. CIC has classified its 50.0 per cent interest in the Kisbey Gas Gathering and Processing Facility, the Totnes Natural Gas Storage Facility, the Cory Cogeneration Station and BHP Billiton SaskPower Carbon Capture and Storage Knowledge Centre Inc. as joint operations.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include CIC's proportionate share of joint operation assets, incurred liabilities, income and expenses.

4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

Special purpose entities

CIC has established certain special purpose entities (SPEs) for trading and investment purposes. CIC does not have any direct or indirect shareholdings in these entities. An SPE is consolidated if, based on an evaluation of the substance of its relationship with CIC and the SPE's risks and rewards, CIC concludes that it controls the SPE. SPEs controlled by CIC were established under terms that impose strict limitations on the decision-making powers of the SPE's management and that result in CIC receiving the majority of the benefits related to the SPE's operations and net assets, being exposed to risks incident to the SPE's activities, and retaining the majority of the residual or ownership risks related to the SPE or its assets.

CIC has two SPEs, Meadow Lake Pulp Limited Partnership and 212822 Saskatchewan Ltd. These SPEs are not material to CIC's consolidated results.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Inter-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from inter-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Unrealized gains arising from transactions with investments in equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of CIC's interest in the investee. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

b) New standards not yet adopted

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the period ended September 30, 2016, and have not been applied in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

IAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows

In January 2016, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows* to require a reconciliation of opening and closing liabilities that form part of an entity's financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. The amendments are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 and will be applied prospectively. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact of these amendments on the consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 4, Insurance Contracts

In June 2013, the IASB published a revised exposure draft (2013 ED) on the accounting for insurance contracts which was based on the previous consultations undertaken in 2007 and 2010. The 2013 ED is the result of deliberations at the IASB using comments received from constituents. The 2013 ED continues to propose a new standard on accounting for insurance contracts, which would replace IFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. The proposals represent a comprehensive IFRS accounting model for insurance contracts and are expected to have a significant impact on the financial reporting of insurers. A final standard is expected in 2017 with implementation not expected before 2020. The Corporation is evaluating the impact this amendment will have on the consolidated financial statements.

In July 2015, the IASB amended the existing IFRS 4 to mitigate accounting mismatches from the adoption of IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, before the new insurance contracts standard is issued. Insurers who meet certain criteria will be permitted to exclude from net income and recognize in other comprehensive income the difference between the amounts that would be recognized in net income in accordance with IFRS 9 and the amounts recognized in net income in accordance with IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*.

4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

b) New standards not yet adopted (continued)

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the final version of IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* was issued. The standard sets out the requirements for recognizing and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy and sell non-financial items. It has also modified the hedge accounting model to better link the economics of risk management with the accounting treatment of hedges. The standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. IFRS 9 may affect the classification, measurement and valuation of certain assets and liabilities. The Corporation is in the process of assessing the impact of the adoption of the standard on the consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. The new standard establishes principles to record revenues from contracts for the sale of goods or services, unless the contracts are in the scope of other IFRS standards. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the expected consideration receivable in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer, applying the following five steps:

- 1. Identify the contract with a customer
- 2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- 3. Determine the transaction price
- 4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- 5. Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

The new standard also provides guidance on contract costs and on the measurement and recognition of gains and losses on the sale of certain nonfinancial assets such as property and equipment. Additional disclosures will also be required under the new standard. IFRS 15 must be adopted for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 using a full retrospective approach for all periods presented in the period of adoption, a modified retrospective approach or a retrospective cumulative effect approach.

IFRS 15 will affect how the Corporation accounts for revenues and contract costs for certain operations and segments. The Corporation is in the process of assessing the impact of the adoption of the standard on the consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16, Leases

In January 2016, IFRS 16, *Leases* was issued. IFRS 16 replaces IAS 17, *Leases*. Under the new standard all leases will be brought onto companies' balance sheets. IFRS 16 also removes the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases (for the lessee - the lease customer), treating all leases as finance leases. IFRS 16 must be adopted for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. IFRS 16 will affect the classification, measurement and valuation of leases. The Corporation is currently assessing the impact of the standard on the consolidated financial statements.

5. Status of CIC

CIC was established by Order in Council 535/47 dated April 2, 1947, and is continued under the provisions of *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993.* CIC is an agent of Her Majesty in Right of the Province of Saskatchewan and as a provincial Crown corporation is not subject to federal and provincial income taxes. Certain associates, joint ventures, joint operations and subsidiaries are not provincial Crown corporations and are subject to federal and provincial income taxes.

6. Equity advances and capital disclosures

CIC does not have share capital. However, CIC has received advances from the GRF to form its equity capitalization. The advances are an equity investment in CIC by the GRF.

Due to its ownership structure, CIC has no access to capital markets for equity. Equity advances in CIC are determined by the shareholder on an annual basis. Dividends to the GRF are determined through the Saskatchewan provincial budget process on an annual basis.

CIC closely monitors its debt level utilizing the debt ratio as a primary indicator of financial health. The debt ratio measures the amount of debt in CIC's capital structure. CIC uses this measure in assessing the extent of financial leverage and in turn, its financial flexibility.

Too high a ratio relative to target indicates an excessive debt burden that may impair CIC's ability to withstand downturns in revenues and still meet fixed payment obligations. The ratio is calculated as net debt divided by capitalization at the end of the period.

CIC reviews the debt ratio targets of all its subsidiary Crown corporations on an annual basis to ensure consistency with industry standards. This review includes subsidiary Crown corporations' plans for capital spending. The target debt ratios for subsidiary Crown corporations are approved by the CIC Board. CIC uses targeted debt ratios to compile a weighted average debt ratio for the CIC Crown sector. The target ratio for 2016-17 is 62.7 per cent.

CIC raises most of its capital requirements through internal operating activities and long-term debt through the GRF. This type of borrowing allows CIC to take advantage of the Province of Saskatchewan's strong credit rating and receive financing at attractive interest rates.

CIC made no changes to its approach to capital management during the period.

The debt ratio is as follows:

The debt ratio is as follows:	September 30 2016	March 31 2016		
Total debt (a)	\$ 8,840,784	\$ 8,671,274		
Less: Sinking funds	(852,424)	(780,762)		
Net debt	7,988,360	7,890,512		
Equity (b)	4,875,372	4,713,152		
Capitalization	<u>\$ 12,863,732</u>	<u>\$ 12,603,664</u>		
Debt ratio	62.1%	62.6%		

a) Total debt includes long-term debt, long-term debt due within one year and notes payable.

b) Equity includes equity advances, contributed surplus and retained earnings.

7. Accumulated other comprehensive loss

	September 30 2016	March 31 2016
Items that may be reclassified to net earnings: Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges Realized losses on cash flow hedges	\$ (16,241) (12,945)	\$ (3,265) (13,142)
Itams that will not be realisatified to not cornings.	(29,186)	(16,407)
Items that will not be reclassified to net earnings: Defined benefit plan actuarial losses	(145,728)	(107,490)
	<u>\$ (174,914</u>)	<u>\$ (123,897</u>)

8. Commitments and contingencies

CIC has various legal matters pending which, in the opinion of management, will not have a material effect on CIC's consolidated financial position or results of operations. Should the ultimate resolution of actions differ from management's assessments and assumptions, a material adjustment to CIC's financial position or results of operations could result.

9. Condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows

	Se	April 1 to eptember 30 2016	April 1 to September 30 2015
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash provided from operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization Share of earnings from investments in equity	\$	408,549	\$ 387,887
accounted investees		(3,891)	(3,428)
Defined benefit pension plan expense (income)		594	(271)
Recovery of decommissioning and			
environmental remediation liabilities		-	(305)
Unrealized (gains) losses on derivative financial instruments		(65,861)	10,238
Inventory (recoveries) write-downs		(15,380)	2,575
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		7,823	9,759
Impairment losses		1,446	16,001
Net finance expenses		180,390	261,804
Other non-cash items		<u>(1,489</u>)	(1,671)
	\$	<u>512,181</u>	\$ 682,589

10. Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of inputs used in the valuation.

- Level 1 Quoted prices are readily available from an active market.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Inputs are not based on observable market data.

CIC's financial instruments are categorized within this hierarchy as follows:

		Septer	mber 30, 2016	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash	\$ 296,845	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 296,845
equivalents	58,687	-	-	58,687
Notes payable	1,618,001	-	-	1,618,001
Investments carried at				
fair value through profit or loss	400,476	1,229,070	156,618	1,786,164
Investments - amortized cost	-	53,898	-	53,898
Loans and receivables - Immigrant				
Investor Program	-	102,805	-	102,805
Finance lease obligations	-	1,304,940	-	1,304,940
Long-term debt	-	8,938,205	=	8,938,205
Physical natural gas		(25,020)		(25,020)
contracts - net	-	(35,839)	-	(35,839)
Natural gas price swaps - net Physical electricity forwards - net	-	(148,589) (907)	-	(148,589) (907)
Electricity contracts for	-	(907)	-	(907)
differences - net	_	(16)	_	(16)
Bond forwards - net	_	(16,222)	_	(16,222)
		Marc	h 31, 2016	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash	\$ 270,491	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 270,491
equivalents	75,994	-	-	75,994
Notes payable	1,523,083	-	-	1,523,083
Investments carried at				
fair value through profit or loss	407,564	1,102,695	142,375	1,652,634
Investments - amortized cost	-	53,858	-	53,858
Loans and receivables - Immigrant		112,838		112,838
Investor Program Finance lease obligations	-	1,287,176	-	1,287,176
Long-term debt	_	8,476,830	_	8,476,830
Physical natural gas		0,470,030		0,470,000
contracts - net	_	(76,208)	_	(76,208)
Natural gas price swaps - net		(174,725)	_	(174,725)
o , ,	-			
Physical electricity forwards - net	-	(397)	=	(397)
Physical electricity forwards - net Electricity contracts for	-	•	-	(397)
	-	•	-	(397)

11. Comparative figures

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

Separate Financial Statements

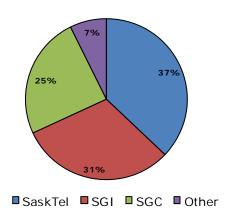
Management's Discussion and Analysis

CIC is the Provincial Government's holding company for its commercial Crowns. CIC has invested equity in its subsidiary Crown corporations and collects dividends from these corporations based on their profitability and financial condition.

This narrative on CIC's separate September 30, 2016 second quarter results should be read in conjunction with the March 31, 2016 audited separate financial statements.

For the purposes of this narrative on CIC's separate financial results, "CIC" refers to the holding company.

Dividend Revenue



Financial Results

CIC Separate Second Quarter Earnings	For the six months ended			nded
(millions of dollars)	September 30 Septem			
(unaudited)		2016		2015
Dividend revenue	\$	40.4	\$	60.7
Add: Finance and other revenue		0.6		1.5
Less: Operating, salaries and other expenses		(4.8)		(5.0)
Grants to subsidiary corporations		(6.2)	-	(8.3)
Total Separate Earnings	\$	30.0	\$	48.9

Net Earnings

Net earnings for the six months ended September 30, 2016 were \$30.0 million (September 2015 - \$48.9 million), a decrease of \$18.9 million from the same period in 2015. The decrease in earnings is primarily due to lower dividend revenue of \$20.3 million and a decrease in finance and other revenue of \$0.9 million. The unfavourable change in revenue was offset by lower expenses consisting of lower grants to subsidiary corporations of \$2.1 million and a decrease in operating, salaries and other expenses of \$0.2 million. A more detailed discussion of net earnings is included on the pages following.

Dividend Revenue

Dividend revenue for the six months ended September 30, 2016 was \$40.4 million (September 2015 - \$60.7 million). The \$20.3 million decrease is primarily due to lower dividends from SaskEnergy (\$20.0 million), SGC (\$0.1 million) and SOCO (\$0.2 million).

For the first six months of each fiscal period, dividends from subsidiary Crown corporations are based on 50.0 per cent of forecasted dividends for the period. The forecasted dividend is calculated in accordance with CIC's dividend policy and is typically a percentage payout of earnings from operations, but can be an absolute value. The percentage is based on the overall financial health of the subsidiary Crown and its need for capital investment. These dividend targets are subject to change during the period if there is a significant change in circumstances.

For the current fiscal period, the budgeted dividend at SaskTel is \$30.0 million, SGI CANADA is \$25.0 million, SaskWater is based on 25.0 per cent of earnings from operations, SGC is based on 80.0 per cent of earnings from operations and SaskEnergy is based on 35.0 per cent of earnings from operations. For the six months ended September 30, 2016, SaskEnergy's dividend payment to CIC was deferred as a result of lower cash available from operations.

Operating, Salaries and Other Expenses

Operating, salaries and other expenses for the six months ended September 30, 2016 were \$4.8 million (September 2015 - \$5.0 million), a \$0.2 million decrease from the same period in 2015. This decrease is primarily due to cost restraints.

Grants to Subsidiary Corporations

For the six months ended September 30, 2016, CIC provided \$6.2 million (September 2015 - \$8.3 million) in grants to subsidiary corporations. STC received \$6.1 million (September 2015 - \$8.2 million) in grants to support ongoing operations. Gradworks Inc. received \$0.1 million (September 2015 - \$0.1 million) to fund its Internship Development Program.

CIC anticipates public policy and grant funding expenditures for the fiscal year to be as follows: \$14.2 million to support ongoing operations at STC and \$0.3 million of operating grants to Gradworks.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flow Highlights	For the six months ended				
(millions of dollars)	Sept	September 30			
(unaudited)		2016		2015	
Net cash from operating activities Net cash used in investing activities Net cash used in financing activities	\$ 	65.6 (6.7) -	\$	47.5 (108.1)	
Net change in cash	<u>\$</u>	58.9	\$	(60.6)	

Liquidity

CIC finances its capital requirements through internally-generated cash flow and in rare circumstances, through borrowing from the GRF. The GRF borrows on CIC's behalf in capital markets.

Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

Net cash from operating activities for the six months ended September 30, 2016 was \$65.6 million (September 2015 - \$47.5 million). This \$18.1 million increase is due mainly to a \$36.2 million increase from net changes in non-cash working capital balances related to operations as a result of a year over year change in dividends receivable from subsidiary Crown corporations. This increase was partially offset by an \$18.9 million decrease in net earnings resulting mainly from lower dividend revenue in the current period as compared to the same period of 2015.

Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended September 30, 2016 was \$6.7 million (September 2015 - \$108.1 million), a decrease of \$101.4 million. The decrease in cash flows is mainly due to reclassifications of \$105.6 million between cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. Short-term investments that have a maturity date of 90 days or less are classified as cash and cash equivalents.

Net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended September 30, 2016 was Nil (September 2015 - Nil).

Debt Management

CIC, the legal entity, has no debt. Currently, CIC does not expect to borrow in 2016-17.

Outlook and Key Factors Affecting Performance

Since CIC is a holding company, the key factor affecting its earnings is the level of subsidiary Crown corporation earnings and, in turn, dividends. The CIC Board determines dividends from a commercial subsidiary after considering medium term reinvestment needs within the Crown to sustain operations, to grow and to diversify, and for debt reduction if necessary.

CIC regularly assesses the appropriateness of the carrying value of its investments, and writes down an investment if it judges there to be a permanent impairment in carrying value. CIC regularly reviews its investments with private sector partners to determine the appropriateness of retention or sale.

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Separate Statement of Financial Position As at (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

ASSETS	September 30 Note 2016		March 31 2016
Current Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments		\$ 191,828 7,299 332	\$ 132,880 - 740
Interest and accounts receivable Dividends receivable		<u> 19,118</u>	55,654
		218,577	189,274
Equity advances to Crown corporations Investments in share capital corporations Equipment	5	1,186,918 6,306 <u>135</u>	1,186,918 6,306 148
		<u>\$ 1,411,936</u>	<u>\$ 1,382,646</u>
LIABILITIES AND PROVINCE'S EQUITY Current			
Interest and accounts payable		<u>\$ 1,691</u>	\$ 2,376
Province of Saskatchewan's Equity Equity advances Retained earnings		908,889 <u>501,356</u>	908,889 471,381
		1,410,245	1,380,270
		<u>\$ 1,411,936</u>	<u>\$ 1,382,646</u>

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Separate Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

	Note	July 1 to September 30 2016	July 1 to September 30 2015	April 1 to September 30 2016	April 1 to September 30 2015
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS Dividend revenue Other income	6	\$ 20,185 <u>4</u>	\$ 30,204 <u>3</u>	\$ 40,393 <u>4</u>	\$ 60,723 13
EXPENSES Operating Salaries and short-term employee benefit Employee future benefits Depreciation and amortization	is.	20,189 1,083 1,255 136 8 2,482	30.207 905 1,339 72 21 2,337	40,397 1,971 2,525 280 15 4,791	60,736 2,225 2,564 147 43
EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS Finance income Finance expenses		17,707 353 (2)	27,870 921 (2)	35,606 620 (4)	55,757 1,467 (4)
NET FINANCE INCOME		<u>351</u>	919	<u>616</u>	1,463
EARNINGS BEFORE PUBLIC POLICY INITIATIVES Grants to subsidiary corporations	7	18,058 <u>(3,668</u>)	28,789 (3,567)	36,222 <u>(6,247</u>)	57,220 (8,345)
NET EARNINGS		14,390	25,222	29,975	48,875
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PROVINC OF SASKATCHEWAN	E	<u> </u>	\$ 25,222	<u>-</u> \$ 29,975	<u> </u>

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Separate Statement of Changes in Equity For the period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

	April 1 to September 30 2016	April 1 to September 30 2015
RETAINED EARNINGS Retained earnings - beginning of period Total comprehensive income Dividend to the General Revenue Fund Retained earnings - end of period	\$ 471,381 29,975 	\$ 641,658 48,875
EQUITY ADVANCE Equity advances - beginning of period Equity advances received Equity advances - end of period	908,889 	908,889
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN	<u>\$ 1,410,245</u>	\$ 1,599,422

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan Condensed Separate Statement of Cash Flows For the Period (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)

	to		April 1 to September 30 2015
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net earnings Items not affecting cash from operations Depreciation and amortization Net finance income		\$ 29,975 15 (616)	\$ 48,875 43 (1,463)
Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations Interest paid	8	29,374 36,259 (4)	47,455 15 (4)
Net cash from operating activities		65,629	47,466
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received Increase in short-term investments Repayment of due from First Nations and Metis Fund I Proceeds from retraction of equity advances Purchase of equipment	nc.	620 (7,299) - - (2)	1,467 (112,884) 1,340 2,000 (2)
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(6,681</u>)	(108,079)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividend paid to General Revenue Fund Net cash used in financing activities		-	<u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DURING PERIOD		58,948	(60,613)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		132,880	317,993
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD		<u>\$ 191,828</u>	<u>\$ 257,380</u>

(See accompanying notes)

1. General information

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) is a corporation domiciled in Canada. The address of CIC's registered office and principal place of business is 400 - 2400 College Avenue, Regina, SK, S4P 1C8. CIC was established to act as a holding corporation for the Province's commercial Crown sector. CIC develops broad corporate policy, directs investments for its subsidiaries and provides dividends to the Province's General Revenue Fund (GRF). A list of CIC's subsidiaries is contained in Note 3.

2. Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

The condensed separate interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. The policies set out have been consistently applied to all the periods presented unless otherwise noted. CIC's condensed separate interim financial statements are prepared at the request of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan. The condensed separate interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the March 31, 2016 audited separate financial statements.

The condensed separate interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the CIC Board of Directors on November 29, 2016.

b) Change of year end

The Corporation was directed by the provincial government to change its fiscal year end to March 31 to coincide with that of the Province of Saskatchewan. Information included in the condensed separate interim financial statements reflects the second fiscal quarter consisting of the six months ended September 30, 2016 as compared to the six months ended September 30, 2015.

c) Functional and presentation currency

These condensed separate interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is CIC's functional currency.

3. Status of Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan

CIC was established by Order in Council 535/47 dated April 2, 1947, and is continued under the provision of *The Crown Corporations Act*, 1993 (the Act). CIC is an agent of Her Majesty in Right of the Province of Saskatchewan and as a provincial Crown corporation is not subject to federal and provincial income taxes. Certain jointly controlled enterprises and subsidiaries are not provincial Crown corporations and are subject to federal and provincial income taxes.

The Act assigns specific financial and other responsibilities to CIC regarding Crown corporations designated or created as subsidiary Crown corporations of CIC under the Act. The following wholly-owned Crown corporations have been designated or created by Order in Council:

Saskatchewan Power Corporation
SaskEnergy Incorporated
Saskatchewan Water Corporation
Saskatchewan Government Insurance
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation

Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Holding Corporation
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation
Saskatchewan Transportation Company

In addition to the above Crown corporations, CIC is the sole member of Gradworks Inc., a non-profit corporation and the sole shareholder of CIC Asset Management Inc. (CIC AMI), First Nations and Métis Fund Inc. (FNMF), Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund Inc. (SIIF), and CIC Economic Holdco Ltd., which are wholly-owned share capital subsidiaries. All subsidiary Corporations are domiciled in Canada.

4. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these condensed separate interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's March 31, 2016 audited separate financial statements.

CIC's condensed separate interim financial statements do not consolidate the activities of its subsidiaries. Other than this exception, the accounting policies are consistent with those applied by CIC's subsidiary corporations.

CIC prepares condensed consolidated interim financial statements that have been authorized for issue by the CIC Board of Directors on November 29, 2016. CIC's condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be referenced for further information.

5. Equity advances to Crown corporations

Equity advances to Crown corporations are as follows: (thousands of dollars)

	Se	eptember 30 2016	March 31 2016
Saskatchewan Power Corporation	\$	660,000	\$ 660,000
Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation Saskatchewan Government Insurance SaskEnergy Incorporated Saskatchewan Water Corporation		250,000 116,687 80,000 71,531 8,700	 250,000 116,687 80,000 71,531 8,700
	<u>\$</u>	1,186,918	\$ 1,186,918

6. Dividend revenue

Dividend revenue consists of the following: (thousands of dollars)

	April 1 to September 30 2016		April 1 to September 30 2015	
Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding				
Corporation	\$	15,000	\$	15,000
Saskatchewan Government Insurance		12,500		12,500
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation		9,948		10,021
Information Services Corporation		2,170		2,170
Saskatchewan Water Corporation		775		846
SaskEnergy Incorporated		-		19,955
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation		<u>-</u>		231
	\$	40,393	\$	60,723

7. Grants to subsidiary corporations (thousands of dollars)

		to Sep	April 1 stember 30 2016	to Se	April 1 ptember 30 2015
	Saskatchewan Transportation Company Gradworks Inc.	\$	6,100 147	\$	8,200 145
		<u>\$</u>	6,247	\$	8,345
8.	Net change in non-cash working capital balances rel (thousands of dollars)	ated to o	perations		
		to Sep	April 1 otember 30 2016	to Se	April 1 ptember 30 2015
	Decrease (increase) in interest and accounts receivable Decrease in dividends receivable Decrease in interest and accounts payable	\$	408 36,536 (68 <u>5</u>)	\$	(131) 451 (305)
		<u>\$</u>	36,259	\$	<u>15</u>