

Quarter 1 Financial Report

For the period ended March 31, 2014

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Introduction

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) is the Provincial Government's holding corporation for its commercial Crown corporations. CIC has invested equity in its subsidiary corporations and collects dividends from these corporations.

The purpose of the following discussion is to provide users of CIC's financial statements with an overview of its financial health. This narrative on CIC's 2014 first quarter financial results should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2013 audited consolidated and separate financial statements. The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's December 31, 2013 audited consolidated financial statements, except as described in Note 3 to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

To facilitate greater transparency and accountability, CIC prepares two different sets of financial statements: CIC's consolidated financial statements that report on the commercial Crown sector; and CIC's separate financial statements that reflect its role as a holding corporation for the Province.

CIC Consolidated Financial Statements

CIC's consolidated financial statements include CIC's results consolidated with the results of its subsidiary corporations. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and include:

- Financial results of subsidiary Crown corporations:

SaskEnergy Incorporated (SaskEnergy)	Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation (SGC)	Holding Corporation and Saskatchewan
Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI)	Telecommunications (collectively SaskTel)
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation (SOCO)	Saskatchewan Transportation Company (STC)
Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SaskPower)	Saskatchewan Water Corporation (SaskWater)
- Financial results of wholly-owned subsidiary share capital corporations:
 - CIC Asset Management Inc. (CIC AMI)
 - CIC Economic Holdco Ltd.
 - First Nations and Métis Fund Inc. (FNMF)
 - Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund Inc. (SIIF)
- Costs incurred by its wholly-owned non-profit subsidiary Gradworks Inc.;
- Dividends paid by CIC to the General Revenue Fund (GRF); and
- CIC's operating costs, public policy expenditures and interest earned on cash, cash equivalent, short-term investment balances and equity earnings on equity accounted investees.

Consolidated earnings represent the total earnings in the Crown sector, taking into consideration the elimination of all inter-group transactions (i.e. revenues and expenses between Crown corporations and dividends paid by Crown corporations to CIC).

CIC Separate Financial Statements

CIC's separate financial statements are used to determine CIC's capacity to pay dividends to the Province's GRF. The unaudited condensed separate interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 27 - *Separate Financial Statements* and IAS 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting* at the request of the Saskatchewan Legislative Assembly. These financial statements are intended to isolate the Corporation's cash-flow, capital and operating support for certain subsidiary corporations. These financial statements include:

- Dividends from subsidiary Crown corporations (SaskTel, SaskEnergy, SGI, SGC, and SOCO);
- Dividends from the Corporation's investment in Information Services Corporation.
- Dividends paid by CIC to the GRF;
- Grants to subsidiary corporations; and
- CIC's interest revenue on cash and short-term investment balances and operating costs.

Consolidated Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Forward-Looking Information

Throughout the quarterly report, and particularly in the following discussion, are forward-looking statements. These statements can be recognized by terms such as "outlook", "expect", "anticipate", "project", "continue" or other expressions that relate to estimations or future events. By their nature, forward-looking statements require assumptions based on current information, management experience and historical performance. Forward-looking information is subject to uncertainties, and, as a result, forward-looking statements are not a guarantee about the future performance of CIC and its subsidiary corporations.

Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, as a number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates, predictions and assumptions. Other factors that can influence performance include, but are not limited to: weather conditions, commodity markets, general economic and political conditions, interest and exchange rates, performance and competition in the Crown sector, and the regulatory environment. Given these uncertainties, assumptions contained in forward-looking statements may or may not occur.

Major Lines of Business

CIC is involved in a broad array of industries through various forms of investment. A number of investments are held as wholly-owned subsidiaries, while others are associates, joint ventures and joint operations, held through CIC's wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) highlights the primary factors that have an impact on the consolidated financial results and operations of CIC. It should be read in conjunction with CIC's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and supporting notes for the period ended March 31, 2014. These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting*.

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the disclosures included in CIC's annual audited consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with CIC's December 31, 2013 audited consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's December 31, 2013 audited consolidated financial statements, except as described in Note 3 to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Major Lines of Business (continued)

For purposes of CIC's consolidated MD&A, "CIC" and "Corporation" refers to the consolidated entity. The following table lists wholly-owned subsidiaries, including the respective business line, which CIC consolidates in its financial statements:

Type	Investment	Major Business Line
Utilities	Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SaskPower)	Electricity
	Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation and Saskatchewan Telecommunications (collectively SaskTel)	Telecommunications
	SaskEnergy Incorporated (SaskEnergy)	Natural Gas Storage and Delivery
	Saskatchewan Water Corporation (SaskWater)	Water and Wastewater Management
Insurance	Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI)	Property and Casualty Insurance
Entertainment	Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation (SGC)	Entertainment
Investment and Economic Growth	CIC Asset Management Inc. (CIC AMI)	Investments
	Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation (SOCO)	Research Parks
	Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund (SIIF)	Construction Loans
Transportation	Saskatchewan Transportation Company (STC)	Passenger and Freight Transportation

Subsidiary Corporation Earnings (Losses) (millions of dollars) (unaudited)	For the three months ended	
	March 31 2014	March 31 2013 (Restated)
SaskPower	\$ 105.4	\$ 85.1
SaskEnergy	63.0	63.1
SGI	29.1	30.6
SaskTel	27.6	19.3
SGC	5.4	5.3
SOCO	1.5	0.9
SaskWater	1.4	1.0
CIC AMI	1.3	(4.0)
SIIF	0.2	(0.1)
STC	(0.2)	(0.3)
CIC (Separate), Consolidation Adjustments and Other ¹	<u>(6.4)</u>	<u>(3.4)</u>
Net earnings	\$ <u>228.3</u>	\$ <u>197.5</u>

¹ Consolidation adjustments reflect the elimination of all inter-entity transactions, such as grants from CIC to Crown Corporations, revenues and expenses between Crown corporations and dividends paid by Crown corporations to CIC.

The Corporation's consolidated net earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2014 were \$228.3 million (2013 - \$197.5 million) or \$30.8 million higher than the same period in 2013. SaskPower and SaskTel were significant contributors to the earnings improvement.

Revenue

Revenue for the first three months of 2014 was \$1,373.1 million (2013 - \$1,247.5 million) or a \$126.6 million increase over the same period in 2013 primarily related to:

- A \$40.9 million increase in SaskPower revenue primarily due to a system-wide average rate increase of 5.5 per cent that became effective January 1, 2014 and an increase of 207 gigawatt hours (GWh) in sales volumes to Saskatchewan customers compared to the same period in 2013, partially offset by lower export sales volume;
- A \$84.0 million increase in SaskEnergy revenue primarily due to an increase in sales volumes in the first quarter of 2014 from weather being 17.3 per cent colder than normal and 7.5 per cent colder than the same period in 2013; and
- An \$8.5 million increase in SaskTel revenue driven by growth in customers for wireless, internet and *Max*[™] and increased revenue per customer.

This is partially offset by revenue in the first three months of 2013 related to Information Services Corporation, which was not included in income in the same period in 2014 due to the Corporation selling 69.0 per cent of its ownership in July 2013.

Expenses

Expenses for the first three months of 2014 were \$1,088.0 million (2013 - \$1,000.4 million) or an \$87.6 million increase from the same period in 2013 primarily related to:

- A \$86.4 million increase in SaskEnergy expenses mainly related to increases in gas marketing activity at SaskEnergy, a higher average cost of natural gas sold which increased to \$3.80 per Gigajoule (GJ) during the first three months of 2014 compared to \$3.17 per GJ during the same period in 2013 and higher natural gas purchases attributed to the weather being 7.5 per cent colder than the same period in 2013; and
- An increase of \$10.2 million in SaskPower expenses primarily related to an increase in depreciation as a result of significant capital investments.

This is partially offset by a \$8.0 million decrease in CIC AMI expenses as a result of no impairment loss on investment during the first three months of 2014 compared to an \$8.0 million impairment loss during the same period in 2013.

Capital Spending

In the first three months of 2014, property, plant and equipment, intangible asset and investment property purchases were \$362.7 million (2013 - \$322.9 million). Major 2014 capital expenditures included:

- \$264.8 million at SaskPower related to the Boundary Dam Integrated Carbon Capture and Storage Demonstration Project, connecting customers to the electric system, increasing capacity and sustaining transmission and distribution infrastructure, repowering the Queen Elizabeth Power Station, Service Delivery Renewal projects and Information Technology projects;
- \$58.9 million at SaskTel on Fibre to the Premises, upgrades to the 4G wireless network, continued network upgrades to the Long Term Evolution wireless network, further investment in *Max*[™], and improved high speed internet quality; and
- \$28.8 million at SaskEnergy primarily on system expansion to meet growth and safety and integrity of its extensive distribution and transmission systems.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Capital Spending (continued)

In the first three months of 2014, investment purchases were \$485.8 million (2013 - \$305.3 million) or an increase of \$180.5 million. The majority of the increase is related to:

- A \$184.3 million increase in purchases of investments related to CIC Separate, which is mostly the result of reclassifications of cash between cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. Short-term money market investments are classified as cash and cash equivalents if the maturity of the investment is 90 days or less and classified as short-term investments if the maturity date is 91 days or more;
- A \$18.9 million increase in purchases at SGI attributed to efforts to manage its short and long-term investment portfolio asset mix during the period; and
- A \$5.7 million increase in purchases by SIIF reflecting new loans to builders and developers under the HeadStart on a Home program.

Partially offset by:

- A \$30.8 million decrease at CIC AMI as investment purchases in the first three months of 2013 were related to bond investments to match the environmental liability.

Consolidated debt at March 31, 2014 was \$6,848.9 million (December 31, 2013 - \$6,624.0 million), an increase of \$224.9 million. The increase in debt is primarily due to:

- A \$191.5 million increase in SaskPower debt to fund a portion of its \$264.8 million in capital expenditures during the quarter;
- A \$50.2 million increase in SaskTel debt to fund a portion of its \$58.9 million in capital expenditures during the quarter; and
- A \$8.0 million increase in SIIF debt reflecting further amounts received from the Government of Canada's Immigrant Investor Program which is restricted for use in Saskatchewan's HeadStart on a Home program.

This was partially offset by a \$21.1 million decrease in SaskEnergy debt reflecting a reduction in its notes payable.

Liquidity

CIC and its subsidiary Crowns finance capital requirements through internally generated cash flow and borrowing. The GRF borrows in capital markets on behalf of Crowns. The GRF has sufficient access to capital markets for anticipated borrowing requirements.

Province of Saskatchewan Credit Ratings on Long-Term Debt as at March 31, 2014

Moody's Investor Service	Aa1
Standard & Poor's	AAA
Dominion Bond Rating Service	AA

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flow Highlights (millions of dollars) (unaudited)	For the three months ended	
	March 31 2014	March 31 2013 (Restated)
Net cash from operating activities	\$ 189.2	\$ 214.4
Net cash used in investing activities	(566.6)	(177.7)
Dividends paid	-	(162.0)
Repayment of equity advances	-	(143.0)
Debt proceeds received	696.5	205.2
Debt repaid	(3.4)	(2.6)
Decrease in Notes payable	(470.6)	(44.7)
Other financing activities	(13.3)	(2.4)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ (168.2)</u>	<u>\$ (112.8)</u>

Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

Net cash from operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$189.2 million (2013 - \$214.4 million) or a decrease of \$25.2 million. The decrease relates to:

- A \$46.1 million decrease in cash inflows from adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash from operating activities offset by a \$30.8 million increase to net earnings resulting in an overall cash impact from net earnings which was \$15.3 million lower than the same period in 2013 (see details in Note 10 to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements); and
- A \$27.7 million increase in interest paid, attributed to higher consolidated debt balances.

This was partially offset by a \$15.5 million decrease in cash outflows from changes in non-cash working capital balances.

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$566.6 million (2013 - \$177.7 million). The \$388.9 million increase in cash outflows is primarily related to:

- A \$184.3 million increase in purchases of investments and a \$118.9 million decrease in proceeds from sale and collection of investments related to CIC Separate, which is mostly the result of reclassifications of cash between cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. Short-term money market investments are classified as cash and cash equivalents if the maturity of the investment is 90 days or less and classified as short-term investments if the maturity date is 91 days or more;
- Decreased proceeds of \$47.2 million at SGI due to turning over its investment portfolio to change its asset mix during the period; and
- A \$39.8 million increase in capital expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Operating, Investing and Financing Activities (continued)

Net cash from financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$209.2 million versus a \$149.5 million cash outflow for the same period in 2013. The incremental cash inflow of \$358.7 million was due to:

- No repayment of equity advances to the GRF, whereas there was a \$143.0 million repayment of equity advances to the GRF for the same period in 2013;
- A \$491.3 million increase in debt proceeds; and
- No dividend payments to the GRF, whereas there was a \$162.0 million in dividends to the GRF for the same period in 2013.

These cash outflows were partially offset by:

- A \$425.9 million in higher notes payable repayments; and
- A \$11.7 million increase in cash outflows from debt repaid and other financing activities.

Debt Management

CIC and its subsidiary Crowns prudently manage debt to maintain and enhance financial flexibility. The CIC Board has approved debt targets for CIC and its commercial subsidiaries that take into account their individual circumstances and industry benchmarks.

Outlook

The Corporation's outlook related to net earnings is highly dependent upon the performance and management of the subsidiary corporations. Earnings expectations are also subject to many variables including: weather conditions, commodity markets, general economic and political conditions, interest and exchange rates, performance and competition, and the regulatory environment.

The Corporation projects continued strong operating performance. Net earnings are largely driven by utility Crowns that have relatively stable operating environments, stable or growing customer demand, and rates that are set in accordance with commercial principles. The Corporation anticipates significant ongoing challenges including maintaining and expanding utility infrastructure at SaskPower and SaskEnergy, as well as keeping pace with industry technological change at SaskTel. Significant capital expenditures in these companies are expected in the medium term.

In addition, continued volatility in financial markets may further affect valuation of pension liabilities, portfolio investments, and natural gas price management instruments.

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position
As at
(thousands of dollars)
(unaudited)

	March 31 2014	December 31 2013 (Restated Note 3)	January 1 2013 (Restated Note 3)
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 237,547	\$ 412,583	\$ 328,027
Short-term investments	432,390	229,918	448,188
Accounts receivable	763,196	745,249	690,328
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	128,537	124,014	70,940
Derivative financial assets	64,998	36,361	56,428
Inventories	384,873	412,430	411,662
Prepaid expenses	150,773	129,626	125,412
Assets held-for-sale	6 <u>54,120</u>	<u>4,554</u>	<u>-</u>
	2,216,434	2,094,735	2,130,985
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,823	4,823	4,872
Long-term investments	1,296,038	1,274,792	1,230,124
Investments in equity accounted investees	142,645	143,864	85,914
Property, plant and equipment	11,255,988	11,043,249	9,112,247
Investment property	172,153	173,128	175,694
Intangible assets	387,975	383,821	328,531
Other assets	<u>17,601</u>	<u>18,352</u>	<u>23,609</u>
	\$ 15,493,657	\$ 15,136,764	\$ 13,091,976
LIABILITIES AND PROVINCE'S EQUITY			
Current			
Bank indebtedness	\$ 9,925	\$ 14,462	\$ 5,724
Trade and other payables	786,755	838,231	716,784
Derivative financial liabilities	70,343	102,157	96,767
Notes payable to General Revenue Fund	991,552	1,461,802	1,149,319
Deferred revenue	449,062	479,454	439,677
Provisions	184,410	194,288	150,645
Current portion of finance lease obligations	7,100	7,341	5,680
Long-term debt due within one year	62,078	61,994	157,701
Liabilities held-for-sale	6 <u>36,307</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>-</u>
	2,597,532	3,159,786	2,722,297
Provisions	512,798	521,596	464,683
Finance lease obligations	1,135,986	1,137,138	436,690
Long-term debt	5,795,245	5,100,250	4,402,718
Employee future benefits	327,613	281,726	641,238
Other liabilities	<u>126,517</u>	<u>120,543</u>	<u>103,077</u>
	10,495,691	10,321,039	8,770,703
Province of Saskatchewan's Equity			
Equity advances	908,889	908,889	1,051,839
Contributed surplus	85	125	125
Retained earnings	4,030,974	3,802,660	3,597,189
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	8 <u>58,018</u>	<u>104,051</u>	<u>(327,880)</u>
	4,997,966	4,815,725	4,321,273
	\$ 15,493,657	\$ 15,136,764	\$ 13,091,976
Commitments and contingencies	9		
(See accompanying notes)			

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the Period
(thousands of dollars)
(unaudited)

	Note	2014 January 1 to March 31	2013 January 1 to March 31 (Restated Notes 3 and 6)
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS			
Revenue		\$ 1,373,106	\$ 1,247,499
Other income		<u>863</u>	<u>406</u>
		<u>1,373,969</u>	<u>1,247,905</u>
EXPENSES			
Operating		644,274	568,883
Salaries, wages and short-term employee benefits		229,343	222,846
Employee future benefits		10,124	10,156
Depreciation and amortization		169,970	157,368
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		2,206	227
Impairment losses		-	7,365
Research and development		73	1,554
Saskatchewan taxes and fees		<u>31,982</u>	<u>32,014</u>
		<u>1,087,972</u>	<u>1,000,413</u>
RESULTS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
		<u>285,997</u>	<u>247,492</u>
Finance income		48,084	30,029
Finance expenses		<u>(108,792)</u>	<u>(85,895)</u>
NET FINANCE EXPENSES			
		<u>(60,708)</u>	<u>(55,866)</u>
EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS			
		225,289	191,626
Share of net earnings from equity accounted investees		<u>1,964</u>	<u>5,454</u>
EARNINGS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
		227,253	197,080
Net earnings from discontinued operations	6	421	401
Net earnings on sale of equity accounted investees		<u>640</u>	<u>-</u>
NET EARNINGS			
		<u>228,314</u>	<u>197,481</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME			
Defined benefit plan actuarial (losses) gains		(46,049)	23,042
Share of changes in comprehensive income recognized by associates		1	3
Unrealized gain on cash flow hedges		400	18,284
Amounts amortized to net earnings and included in net finance expenses		<u>(385)</u>	<u>-</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME			
		<u>(46,033)</u>	<u>41,329</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN			
		<u>\$ 182,281</u>	<u>\$ 238,810</u>

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Equity
For the Period
(thousands of dollars)
(unaudited)

	Attributable to the Province of Saskatchewan				
	Equity Advances	Contributed Surplus	Retained Earnings (Restated Note 3)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Note 8)	Total Equity (Restated Note 3)
Balance at January 1, 2013	\$ 1,051,839	\$ 125	\$ 3,597,189	\$ (327,880)	\$ 4,321,273
Total comprehensive income	-	-	197,481	41,329	238,810
Repayment of equity advances to GRF	(142,950)	-	-	-	(142,950)
Dividends to GRF	-	-	(162,000)	-	(162,000)
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2013	<u>\$ 908,889</u>	<u>\$ 125</u>	<u>\$ 3,632,670</u>	<u>\$ (286,551)</u>	<u>\$ 4,255,133</u>
Balance at April 1, 2013	\$ 908,889	\$ 125	\$ 3,632,670	\$ (286,551)	\$ 4,255,133
Total comprehensive income	-	-	369,369	390,602	759,971
Dividends to GRF	-	-	(199,379)	-	(199,379)
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2013	<u>\$ 908,889</u>	<u>\$ 125</u>	<u>\$ 3,802,660</u>	<u>\$ 104,051</u>	<u>\$ 4,815,725</u>
Balance at January 1, 2014	\$ 908,889	\$ 125	\$ 3,802,660	\$ 104,051	\$ 4,815,725
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	228,314	(46,033)	182,281
Dividends to GRF	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	(40)	-	-	(40)
Balance at March 31, 2014	<u>\$ 908,889</u>	<u>\$ 85</u>	<u>\$ 4,030,974</u>	<u>\$ 58,018</u>	<u>\$ 4,997,966</u>

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Cash Flows
For the Period
(thousands of dollars)
(unaudited)

	Note	2014 January 1 to March 31	2013 January 1 to March 31 (Restated Notes 3 and 6)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net earnings		\$ 228,314	\$ 197,481
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash from operating activities	10	<u>160,372</u>	<u>206,460</u>
		388,686	403,941
Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations		<u>(72,450)</u>	<u>(87,927)</u>
Interest paid		<u>(128,606)</u>	<u>(100,946)</u>
Cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations		187,630	215,068
Cash provided by operating activities from discontinued operations	6	<u>1,553</u>	<u>(692)</u>
Net cash from operating activities		<u>189,183</u>	<u>214,376</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		6,247	6,981
Dividends received		2,642	594
Purchase of investments		(485,842)	(305,346)
Proceeds from sale and collection of investments		278,728	462,095
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(343,445)	(306,591)
Purchase of intangible assets		(19,583)	(15,197)
Purchase of investment property		(840)	(571)
Increase in restricted cash and cash equivalents		(4,559)	(20,629)
Decrease in other assets		<u>62</u>	<u>994</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(566,590)</u>	<u>(177,670)</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Decrease in notes payable		(470,565)	(44,704)
Increase in other liabilities		3,201	9,899
Debt proceeds from GRF		688,971	195,120
Debt proceeds from other lenders		7,517	10,060
Debt repayments to other lenders		(3,401)	(2,563)
Sinking fund instalments		(16,544)	(12,408)
Repayment of equity advances to GRF		-	(142,950)
Dividend paid to GRF		<u>-</u>	<u>(162,000)</u>
Net cash from (used in) financing activities		<u>209,179</u>	<u>(149,546)</u>
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DURING PERIOD		(168,228)	(112,840)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		<u>398,121</u>	<u>322,303</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD		<u>\$ 229,893</u>	<u>\$ 209,463</u>
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:			
Cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations		\$ 237,547	\$ 212,056
Bank indebtedness from continuing operations		<u>(9,925)</u>	<u>(5,680)</u>
		227,622	206,376
Cash from discontinued operations		<u>2,271</u>	<u>3,087</u>
		<u>\$ 229,893</u>	<u>\$ 209,463</u>

(See accompanying notes)

1. General information

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) is a corporation domiciled in Canada. The address of CIC's registered office and principal place of business is 400 - 2400 College Avenue, Regina, SK, S4P 1C8. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of CIC comprise CIC and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "CIC" or "the Corporation") and CIC's interest in associates, joint ventures and joint operations with principal activities as described in Note 4 a).

The results included in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements should not be taken as indicative of the performance to be expected for a full year due to the seasonal nature of corporate operations.

2. Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting*. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2013 audited consolidated financial statements.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on June 17, 2014.

b) Functional and presentation currency

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Canadian Dollars, which is CIC's functional currency.

3. Changes in accounting policy and adoption of other standards

a) Revenue recognition

Effective January 1, 2014, the Corporation changed its revenue recognition policy related to advertising and directory services. Revenues are now recognized over the term of the contract, previously revenue was recognized when directories were issued. The change was made as the new policy more reliably reports and better reflects the marketing strategy and resulting revenues from these services. The impact of the change in accounting policy is as follows:

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position

	December 31 2013	January 1 2013
Decrease in accounts receivable	\$ (18,739)	\$ (19,183)
Increase in prepaid expenses	2,838	2,860
Increase in other assets	<u>2</u>	<u>-</u>
Decrease in total assets	<u>\$ (15,899)</u>	<u>\$ (16,323)</u>
Increase in deferred revenue	\$ 2,303	\$ 2,544
Decrease in retained earnings	<u>(18,202)</u>	<u>(18,867)</u>
Decrease in total liabilities and Province's equity	<u>\$ (15,899)</u>	<u>\$ (16,323)</u>

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income

	2013 January 1 to March 31	2013 January 1 to December 31
Increase in revenue	\$ 5,730	\$ 687
Increase in operating expense	(532)	(84)
(Increase) decrease in salaries, wages and short-term employee benefits	<u>(146)</u>	<u>62</u>
Increase in total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 5,052</u>	<u>\$ 665</u>

3. Changes in accounting policy and adoption of other standards (continued)

b) IFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurement*

Effective January 1, 2013, the Corporation prospectively adopted IFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurement*. This new standard establishes a single framework for measuring fair value. Under IFRS 13, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (an exit price). The fair value measurement of certain electricity contracts was revised upon adoption of the new standard. The impact of applying the new standard is as follows:

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income

	2013 January 1 to March 31
Increase in revenue	\$ <u>5,250</u>
Increase in total comprehensive income	\$ <u>5,250</u>

c) New standards and amendments

The following new standards, and amendments to standards, effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014, have been applied in preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements:

- IFRIC 21, *Levies*
- Amendments to IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*, IFRS 12 *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities* and IAS 27 *Separate Financial Statements*
- Amendments to IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*
- Amendments to IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*
- Amendments to IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*

The adoption of these standards had no material impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

4. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's December 31, 2013 audited consolidated financial statements, except as described in Note 3.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements and have been consistently applied by CIC's subsidiaries.

a) Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries

Saskatchewan provincial Crown corporations are either designated as subsidiary Crown corporations of CIC or created as CIC Crown corporations under *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993* (the Act). The Act assigns specific financial and other responsibilities regarding these corporations to CIC.

In addition to the Crown corporations listed below, CIC also consolidates the accounts of Gradworks Inc., a wholly-owned non-profit subsidiary, and the following wholly-owned share capital subsidiaries: CIC Asset Management Inc.; First Nations and Métis Fund Inc.; CIC Economic Holdco Ltd.; and Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund Inc., all of which are domiciled in Canada.

Unaudited condensed separate interim financial statements for CIC have been prepared to show the financial position and results of operations of the corporate entity. In addition, condensed interim financial statements for each of the undernoted Crown corporations, which are consolidated in these financial statements, are prepared and released publicly:

Wholly-owned subsidiaries domiciled in Canada	Principal activity
SaskEnergy Incorporated (SaskEnergy)	Natural gas storage and delivery
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation (SGC)	Entertainment
Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI)	Property and casualty insurance
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation (SOCO)	Research parks
Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SaskPower)	Electricity
Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation and Saskatchewan Telecommunications (collectively SaskTel)	Telecommunications
Saskatchewan Transportation Company (STC)	Passenger and freight transportation
Saskatchewan Water Corporation (SaskWater)	Water and wastewater management

Associates and joint ventures (investments in equity accounted investees)

Associates are those entities in which CIC has significant influence, but not control, over strategic financial and operating decisions. Significant influence is presumed to exist when CIC holds between 20.0 and 50.0 per cent of the voting power of another entity.

Joint ventures are those entities over whose activities CIC has joint control, established by contractual agreement and requiring unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions; and provide CIC with rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

Associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. CIC's investment includes any goodwill identified at acquisition, net of accumulated impairment losses. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include CIC's share of the total comprehensive income and equity movements of equity accounted investees, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of CIC, from the date that significant influence or joint control commences until the date that significant influence or joint control ceases. When CIC's share of losses exceeds its interest in equity accounted investees, the carrying amount of that interest is reduced to \$Nil and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that CIC has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee.

4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

Joint operations

Joint operations are those entities over whose activities CIC has joint control, established by contractual agreement and requiring unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions; and provide CIC with rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, related to the arrangement. CIC has classified its 50.0 per cent interest in the Kisbey Gas Gathering and Processing Facility, the Totnes Natural Gas Storage Facility and the Cory Cogeneration Station as joint operations.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include CIC's proportionate share of joint operation assets, incurred liabilities, income and expenses.

Special purpose entities

CIC has established certain special purpose entities (SPEs) for trading and investment purposes. CIC does not have any direct or indirect shareholdings in these entities. An SPE is consolidated if, based on an evaluation of the substance of its relationship with CIC and the SPE's risks and rewards, CIC concludes that it controls the SPE. SPEs controlled by CIC were established under terms that impose strict limitations on the decision-making powers of the SPE's management and that result in CIC receiving the majority of the benefits related to the SPE's operations and net assets, being exposed to risks incident to the SPE's activities, and retaining the majority of the residual or ownership risks related to the SPE or its assets.

CIC has two SPEs, Meadow Lake Pulp Limited Partnership and 212822 Saskatchewan Ltd. These SPEs are not material to CIC's consolidated results.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Inter-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from inter-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Unrealized gains arising from transactions with investments in equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of CIC's interest in the investee. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

b) New standards not yet adopted

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the period ended March 31, 2014, and have not been applied in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

IFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*

In June 2013, the IASB published a revised exposure draft (2013 ED) on the accounting for insurance contracts which builds on the previous consultations undertaken in 2007 and 2010. The 2013 ED is the result of deliberations at the IASB using comments received from constituents. The ED continues to propose a new standard on accounting for insurance contracts, which would replace IFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. The proposals represent a comprehensive IFRS accounting model for insurance contracts and are expected to have a significant impact on the financial reporting of insurers. A final standard is expected in 2015 with implementation not expected before 2018.

4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

b) New standards not yet adopted (continued)

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 was issued by the IASB on November 12, 2009 and will replace IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. The standards are to be applied prospectively. The IASB has deferred finalization of IFRS 9 indefinitely, and therefore, an effective date is not known at this time.

IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. Under IFRS 9, financial assets will generally be measured initially at fair value plus particular transaction costs, and subsequently at either amortized cost or fair value. In October 2010, the IASB issued additions to IFRS 9 relating to accounting for financial liabilities. Under the new requirements, an entity choosing to measure a financial liability at fair value will present the portion of any change in its fair value due to changes in the entity's credit risk in other comprehensive income, rather than within net earnings. The Corporation is reviewing the standard to determine the potential impact, if any, on the consolidated financial statements.

Annual Improvement Cycles

In 2012, the IASB issued two exposure drafts for *Annual Improvements Cycles 2010 - 2012* and *2011 - 2013*, which include minor amendments to a number of IFRS. The annual improvements process is used to make necessary but non-urgent changes to IFRS that are not included in other projects. The amendments issued are all effective for annual periods beginning July 1, 2014. The Corporation is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments.

5. Status of CIC

CIC was established by Order in Council 535/47 dated April 2, 1947, and is continued under the provisions of *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993*. CIC is an agent of Her Majesty in Right of the Province of Saskatchewan and as a provincial Crown corporation is not subject to federal and provincial income taxes. Certain associates, joint ventures, joint operations and subsidiaries are not provincial Crown corporations and are subject to federal and provincial income taxes.

6. Discontinued operations and assets held-for-sale

In September 2013, the Corporation committed to sell several natural gas storage assets within the next 12-month period. Accordingly, these assets have been classified as assets held-for-sale. These assets are measured at carrying value, which is less than fair value less cost to sell, and are no longer depreciated.

At the end of 2013, the Corporation committed to a plan to sell the distribution assets of its subsidiary, Swan Valley Gas Corporation, within the next 12-month period. Accordingly, these assets have been classified as assets held-for-sale. These assets are measured at estimated fair value less costs to sell, which was less than the carrying amount of the assets, and are no longer depreciated.

In March 2014, the Corporation announced that it had entered into an agreement to sell the shares of its 75 per cent owned subsidiary, the Insurance Company of Prince Edward Island (ICPEI), to a third party for a purchase price equal to ICPEI's book value as at the transaction closing date of June 30, 2014. The transaction is subject to regulatory approval and customary closing conditions.

The ICPEI operations represented a separate line of business for the Corporation in the Maritimes. As a result of the sale, these operations have been treated as discontinued operations for the period ended March 31, 2014. As a result, ICPEI's assets have been classified as held-for-sale and ICPEI is considered a discontinued operation on the Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income.

During the first quarter of 2014, the Corporation entered into an agreement with a third party that will result in the transfer of bio processing operations to that party, effective April 1, 2014. As part of the agreement, all processing equipment and inventory will be sold to the third party. The Corporation will retain ownership of the building housing the processing facility which will be leased to the third party through a long term lease arrangement.

6. Discontinued operations and assets held-for-sale (continued)

Assets classified as held-for-sale are comprised of the following:

	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,271	\$ -
Short-term investments	6,006	-
Accounts receivable	11,168	-
Inventories	50	-
Prepaid expenses	3,142	-
Long-term investments	26,187	-
Property, plant and equipment	4,858	6,362
Other assets	438	-
Amounts written down on transfer	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,808)</u>
	<u>\$ 54,120</u>	<u>\$ 4,554</u>

Liabilities classified as held-for-sale are comprised of the following:

	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
Trade and other payables	\$ 3,687	\$ -
Deferred revenue	12,264	-
Provisions	20,123	-
Other liabilities	<u>233</u>	<u>57</u>
	<u>\$ 36,307</u>	<u>\$ 57</u>

The impact of discontinued operations on net earnings and cash flows was comprised of the following:

	2014 January 1 to March 31	2013 January 1 to March 31
Revenue	<u>\$ 5,908</u>	<u>\$ 5,745</u>
Operating expenses	5,829	5,576
Salaries, wages and short-term employee benefits	185	192
Depreciation and amortization	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>6,016</u>	<u>5,770</u>
Results from operating activities	<u>(108)</u>	<u>(25)</u>
Finance income	538	486
Finance expense	<u>(9)</u>	<u>(60)</u>
Net finance expense	<u>529</u>	<u>426</u>
Net earnings from discontinued operations	<u>\$ 421</u>	<u>\$ 401</u>
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	436	(695)
Cash provided by investing activities	1,155	36
Cash used in financing activities	<u>(38)</u>	<u>(33)</u>
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 1,553</u>	<u>\$ (692)</u>

7. Equity advances and capital disclosures

CIC does not have share capital. However, CIC has received advances from the GRF to form its equity capitalization. The advances are an equity investment in CIC by the GRF.

Due to its ownership structure, CIC has no access to capital markets for equity. Equity advances in CIC are determined by the shareholder on an annual basis. Dividends to the GRF are determined through the Saskatchewan provincial budget process on an annual basis.

CIC closely monitors its debt level utilizing the debt ratio as a primary indicator of financial health. The debt ratio measures the amount of debt in a CIC's capital structure. CIC uses this measure in assessing the extent of financial leverage and in turn, its financial flexibility.

Too high a ratio relative to target indicates an excessive debt burden that may impair CIC's ability to withstand downturns in revenues and still meet fixed payment obligations. The ratio is calculated as net debt divided by capitalization at the end of the period.

CIC reviews the debt ratio targets of all its subsidiary Crown corporations on an annual basis to ensure consistency with industry standards. This review includes subsidiary Crown corporations' plans for capital spending. The target debt ratios for subsidiary Crown corporations are approved by the CIC Board. CIC uses targeted debt ratios to compile a weighted average debt ratio for the CIC Crown sector. The target ratio for 2014 is 57.1 per cent.

CIC raises most of its capital requirements through internal operating activities and long-term debt through the GRF. This type of borrowing allows CIC to take advantage of the Province of Saskatchewan's strong credit rating and receive financing at attractive interest rates.

CIC made no changes to its approach to capital management during the period.

The debt ratio is as follows:

	March 31 2014	December 31 2013 (Restated Note 3)
Total debt (a)	\$ 6,848,875	\$ 6,624,046
Less: Sinking funds	<u>(589,409)</u>	<u>(551,161)</u>
Net debt	6,259,466	6,072,885
Equity (b)	<u>4,939,948</u>	<u>4,711,674</u>
Capitalization	<u>\$ 11,199,414</u>	<u>\$ 10,784,559</u>
Debt ratio	55.9%	56.3%

a) Total debt includes long-term debt, long-term debt due within one year and notes payable.

b) Equity includes equity advances, contributed surplus and retained earnings.

8. Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
Items that may be reclassified to net earnings:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ -	\$ 1
Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges	88	103
Realized gains on cash flow hedges	46,778	46,748
Share of changes in comprehensive income recognized by associates	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(3)</u>
	46,864	46,849
Items that will not be reclassified to net earnings:		
Defined benefit plan actuarial gains	<u>11,154</u>	<u>57,202</u>
	<u>\$ 58,018</u>	<u>\$ 104,051</u>

9. Commitments and contingencies

CIC has various legal matters pending which, in the opinion of management, will not have a material effect on CIC's consolidated financial position or results of operations. Should the ultimate resolution of actions differ from management's assessments and assumptions, a material adjustment to CIC's financial position or results of operations could result.

10. Condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows

	2014	2013
	January 1	January 1
	to March 31	to March 31
		(Restated
		(Notes 3
		and 6)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash provided from operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 169,970	\$ 157,368
Future income tax recovery	(27)	-
Share of earnings from investments in equity accounted investees	(1,964)	(5,454)
Net earnings from discontinued operations	(421)	(401)
Net gain from sale of investments in equity accounted investees	(640)	-
Defined benefit pension plan expense	390	496
Unrealized gains on derivative financial instruments	(60,036)	(362)
Inventory recoveries	(10,255)	(9,577)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	2,206	227
Impairment losses	-	7,365
Net finance expenses	60,708	55,866
Other non-cash items	441	932
	<u>\$ 160,372</u>	<u>\$ 206,460</u>

11. Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value measurements are categorized into levels within a fair value hierarchy based on the nature of inputs used in the valuation.

Level 1 - Quoted prices are readily available from an active market.

Level 2 - Inputs, other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Inputs are not based on observable market data.

CIC's financial instruments are categorized within this hierarchy as follows:

	March 31 2014			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 237,547	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 237,547
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	133,360	-	-	133,360
Bank indebtedness	9,925	-	-	9,925
Notes payable	991,552	-	-	991,552
Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss	560,162	977,808	82,360	1,620,330
Investments - amortized cost	-	53,707	-	53,707
Loans and receivables – Immigrant Investor Program	-	47,315	-	47,315
Finance lease obligations	-	1,243,447	-	1,243,447
Long-term debt	-	6,653,920	-	6,653,920
Physical natural gas contracts - net	-	1,130	-	1,130
Natural gas price swaps - net	-	(21,805)	-	(21,805)
Physical electricity forwards - net	-	14,294	-	14,294
Electricity contracts for differences - net	-	19	-	19
Foreign exchange forward contracts - net	-	602	-	602
Bond forwards - net	-	415	-	415

12. Comparative figures

Certain of the 2013 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

Separate Financial Statements

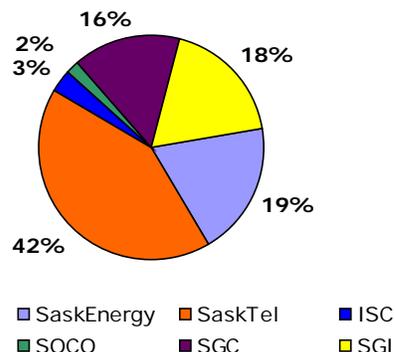
Management's Discussion and Analysis

CIC is the Provincial Government's holding company for its commercial Crowns. CIC has invested equity in its subsidiary Crown corporations and collects dividends from these corporations based on their profitability and financial condition.

This narrative on CIC's separate March 31, 2014 first quarter results should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2013 audited separate financial statements.

For the purposes of this narrative on CIC's separate financial results, "CIC" refers to the holding company.

Dividend Revenue



Financial Results

CIC Separate First Quarter Earnings (thousands of dollars) (unaudited)	For the three months ended	
	March 31 2014	March 31 2013
Dividend revenue from subsidiary corporations	\$ 32,039	\$ 44,276
Add: Finance and other revenue	825	767
Less: Operating, salaries and other expenses	(3,076)	(3,421)
Grants to subsidiary corporations	<u>(4,361)</u>	<u>(4,802)</u>
Total Separate Earnings	<u>\$ 25,427</u>	<u>\$ 36,820</u>

Net Earnings

Net earnings for the first three months of 2014 were \$25.4 million (2013 - \$36.8 million) a decrease of \$11.4 million from the same period in 2013. The change in net earnings is primarily due to a decrease in dividend revenue of \$12.3 million, offset by an increase in finance and other revenue of \$0.1 million, a decrease in grants to subsidiary corporations of \$0.4 million and a decrease in operating expenses of \$0.3 million as compared to the same period in 2013.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Dividend Revenue

Dividend revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$32.0 million (2013 - \$44.3 million). The \$12.3 million decrease was due to decreased dividends from SaskTel (\$7.8 million), SaskEnergy (\$0.7 million), ISC (\$3.5 million), SGC (\$0.2 million) and SOCO (\$0.1 million).

For the first three months of each year, dividends from subsidiary Crown corporations are based on 25 per cent of their budgeted dividend for the year. The budgeted dividend is calculated under CIC's dividend policy, which applies a percentage payout of net earnings based on the overall financial health of the subsidiary Crown and its need for capital investment. These dividend targets are subject to change during the year if there is a significant change in circumstances. For the current year, the dividend at SaskTel is based on 90 per cent of net earnings, SGC is based on 80 per cent of net earnings, SGI is based on 77 per cent of net earnings, SOCO is based on 90 per cent of net earnings and SaskEnergy is based on 38 per cent of operating earnings. CIC AMI's dividend is calculated on cash availability, which is determined at year end.

Operating, Salaries and Benefits and Other Expenses

Operating, salaries and benefits and other expenses were \$3.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 (2013 - \$3.4 million). These expenses decreased by \$0.3 million primarily due to a decrease in salary and benefit costs resulting from a reduction of CIC staff.

Grants to Subsidiary Corporations

During the first three months of 2014, CIC provided \$4.3 million (2013 - \$4.8 million) in grants to subsidiary corporations. STC received \$3.1 million (2013 - \$4.0 million) in grants to support ongoing operations. SaskEnergy received \$1.1 million (2013 - \$0.7 million) to fund the EnerGuide for Houses program. Gradworks Inc., received \$0.1 million (2013 - \$0.1 million) to fund its internship program.

CIC's 2014 budget includes public policy and grant funding expenditures as follows: \$15.9 million to support ongoing operations at STC; \$0.4 million of funding to SaskEnergy for the EnerGuide for Houses program and \$0.4 million of operating grants to Gradworks.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flow Highlights (millions of dollars) (unaudited)	For the three months ended	
	March 31 2014	March 31 2013
Net cash from operations	\$ 45.2	\$ 80.6
Net cash (used in) from investing activities	(187.2)	115.9
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>(305.0)</u>
Net change in cash	<u>\$ (142.0)</u>	<u>\$ (108.5)</u>

Liquidity

CIC finances its capital requirements through internally-generated cash flow and through borrowing from the GRF. The GRF borrows on CIC's behalf in capital markets. Currently, CIC does not have debt and does not expect to borrow in 2014.

Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

Cash from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$45.2 million (2013 - \$80.6 million). The \$35.4 million decrease was due mainly to lower net earnings of \$11.4 million and a decrease in other non-cash working capital balances related to operations of \$24.0 million, due mainly to lower dividends receivable in 2014 compared to 2013.

Cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$187.2 million (2013 - cash from \$115.9 million). The difference from period to period is due to reclassifications of cash between cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. Short-term money market investments are classified as cash and cash equivalents if maturity of the investment is 90 days or less and classified as short-term investments if maturity date is 91 days or more.

Cash used in financing activities was Nil (2013 - \$305.0 million). In 2013, financing activities consisted of an equity repayment to the GRF of \$143.0 million and dividends paid to the GRF of \$162.0 million.

Debt Management

CIC as a legal entity has no debt. Currently, CIC does not expect to borrow in 2014.

Outlook and Key Factors Affecting Performance

The key factor affecting CIC's earnings is the level of net earnings and in turn dividends from commercial subsidiary Crown corporations. The CIC Board determines dividends from a commercial subsidiary after allocating cash for reinvestment within the Crown to sustain operations, to grow and to diversify, and for debt reduction if necessary.

CIC regularly assesses the appropriateness of the carrying value for its investments, and writes down an investment if it judges there to be a permanent impairment in carrying value. CIC regularly reviews its investments with private sector partners to determine the appropriateness of retention or sale.

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan
Condensed Separate Interim Statement of Financial Position
As at
(thousands of dollars)
(unaudited)

	Note	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 116,321	\$ 258,356
Short-term investments		218,001	30,000
Interest and accounts receivable		376	818
Dividends receivable		<u>30,932</u>	<u>51,828</u>
		365,630	341,002
Equity advances to Crown corporations	5	1,194,918	1,194,918
Investments in share capital corporations		46,837	46,837
Equipment		<u>292</u>	<u>314</u>
		<u>\$ 1,607,677</u>	<u>\$ 1,583,071</u>
LIABILITIES AND PROVINCE'S EQUITY			
Current			
Interest and accounts payable		<u>\$ 1,962</u>	<u>\$ 2,783</u>
Province of Saskatchewan's Equity			
Equity advances		908,889	908,889
Retained earnings		<u>696,826</u>	<u>671,399</u>
		<u>1,605,715</u>	<u>1,580,288</u>
		<u>\$ 1,607,677</u>	<u>\$ 1,583,071</u>

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan
Condensed Separate Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the Period
(thousands of dollars)
(unaudited)

	Note	2014 January 1 to March 31	2013 January 1 to March 31
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS			
Dividend	6	\$ 32,039	\$ 44,276
Other income		<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>
		<u>32,043</u>	<u>44,278</u>
EXPENSES			
Operating		1,548	1,639
Salaries and short term employee benefits		1,378	1,607
Future employee benefit expense		123	144
Depreciation and amortization		<u>24</u>	<u>28</u>
		<u>3,073</u>	<u>3,418</u>
EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS			
		<u>28,970</u>	<u>40,860</u>
Finance income		821	765
Finance expenses		<u>(3)</u>	<u>(3)</u>
NET FINANCE INCOME			
		<u>818</u>	<u>762</u>
EARNINGS BEFORE PUBLIC POLICY INITIATIVES			
		29,788	41,622
Grants to subsidiary corporations	7	<u>(4,361)</u>	<u>(4,802)</u>
NET EARNINGS			
		25,427	36,820
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN			
		<u>\$ 25,427</u>	<u>\$ 36,820</u>
(See accompanying notes)			

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan
Condensed Separate Interim Statement of Changes in Equity
For the period
(thousands of dollars)
(unaudited)

	2014	2013
	January 1	January 1
	to	to
	March 31	March 31
RETAINED EARNINGS		
Retained earnings - beginning of period	\$ 671,399	\$ 702,320
Total comprehensive income	25,427	36,820
Dividend to General Revenue Fund	<u>-</u>	<u>(162,000)</u>
Retained earnings - end of period	<u>696,826</u>	<u>577,140</u>
EQUITY ADVANCE		
Equity advances - beginning of period	908,889	1,051,839
Equity advances received	-	-
Equity advances repaid	<u>-</u>	<u>(142,950)</u>
Equity advances - end of period	<u>908,889</u>	<u>908,889</u>
EQUITY ATTRIBUTED TO THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN	<u>\$ 1,605,715</u>	<u>\$ 1,486,029</u>

(See accompanying notes)

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan
Condensed Separate Interim Statement of Cash Flows
For the Period
(thousands of dollars)
(unaudited)

	2014	2013
	January 1	January 1
	to	to
Note	March 31	March 31
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net earnings	\$ 25,427	\$ 36,820
Items not affecting cash from operations		
Amortization of discounts and premiums	-	(1)
Depreciation and amortization	24	28
Net finance income	<u>(818)</u>	<u>(762)</u>
	24,633	36,085
Net change in non-cash working capital		
balances related to operations	8 20,517	44,471
Interest paid	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(3)</u>
Net cash from operating activities	<u>45,147</u>	<u>80,553</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	821	765
Purchase of investments	-	(3,750)
Decrease (increase) in short-term investments	(188,001)	118,944
Purchase of equipment	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(17)</u>
Net cash from investing activities	<u>(187,182)</u>	<u>115,942</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of equity advances	-	(142,950)
Dividend paid to General Revenue Fund	<u>-</u>	<u>(162,000)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>(304,950)</u>
NET CHANGE IN CASH DURING PERIOD	(142,035)	(108,455)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,		
BEGINNING OF PERIOD	<u>258,356</u>	<u>173,836</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,		
END OF PERIOD	<u>\$ 116,321</u>	<u>\$ 65,381</u>

(See accompanying notes)

1. General information

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) is a corporation domiciled in Canada. The address of CIC's registered office and principal place of business is 400 - 2400 College Avenue, Regina, SK, S4P 1C8. CIC was established to act as a holding corporation for the Province's commercial Crown sector. CIC develops broad corporate policy, directs investments for its subsidiaries and provides dividends to the Province's General Revenue Fund (GRF). A list of CIC's subsidiaries is contained in Note 3.

2. Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

The condensed separate interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting*. The policies set out have been consistently applied to all the periods presented unless otherwise noted. CIC's condensed separate interim financial statements are prepared at the request of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan. The condensed separate interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2013 audited separate financial statements.

The condensed separate interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the CIC Board of Directors on June 17, 2014.

b) Functional and presentation currency

These condensed separate interim financial statements are presented in Canadian Dollars, which is CIC's functional currency.

3. Status of Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan

The Government Finance Office was established by Order in Council 535/47 dated April 2, 1947, and was continued under the provision of *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993* (the Act), as CIC. CIC is an agent of Her Majesty in Right of the Province of Saskatchewan and as a provincial Crown corporation is not subject to federal and provincial income taxes.

The Act assigns specific financial and other responsibilities to CIC regarding Crown corporations designated or created as subsidiary Crown corporations of CIC under the Act. The following wholly-owned Crown corporations have been designated or created by Order in Council:

SaskEnergy Incorporated	Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation	Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Saskatchewan Government Insurance	Holding Corporation
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation	Saskatchewan Transportation Company
Saskatchewan Power Corporation	Saskatchewan Water Corporation

In addition to the above Crown corporations, CIC is the sole member of Gradworks Inc., a non-profit corporation and the sole shareholder of CIC Asset Management Inc. (CIC AMI), First Nations and Métis Fund Inc. (FNMF), Saskatchewan Immigrant Investor Fund Inc. (SIIF), and CIC Economic Holdco Ltd., which are wholly-owned share capital subsidiaries.

All subsidiary Corporations are domiciled in Canada.

4. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these condensed separate interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in CIC's December 31, 2013 audited separate financial statements.

CIC's condensed separate interim financial statements do not consolidate the activities of its subsidiaries. Other than this exception, the accounting policies have been consistently applied by CIC's subsidiary corporations.

CIC prepares condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been authorized by the CIC Board of Directors on June 17, 2014. CIC's condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be referenced for further information.

5. Equity advances to Crown corporations

Equity advances to Crown corporations are as follows:
(thousands of dollars)

	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
Saskatchewan Power Corporation	\$ 660,000	\$ 660,000
Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation	250,000	250,000
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation	120,687	120,687
Saskatchewan Government Insurance	80,000	80,000
SaskEnergy Incorporated	71,531	71,531
Saskatchewan Water Corporation	8,700	8,700
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>
	<u>\$ 1,194,918</u>	<u>\$ 1,194,918</u>

6. Dividend revenue

Dividend revenue consists of the following:
(thousands of dollars)

	March 31 2014	March 31 2013
Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation	\$ 13,323	\$ 21,100
SaskEnergy Incorporated	6,215	6,876
Saskatchewan Government Insurance	5,750	5,750
Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation	5,040	5,280
Information Services Corporation	1,085	4,569
Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation	<u>626</u>	<u>701</u>
	<u>\$ 32,039</u>	<u>\$ 44,276</u>

7. Grants to subsidiary corporations
(thousands of dollars)

	March 31 2014	March 31 2013
Saskatchewan Transportation Company	\$ 3,100	\$ 4,000
SaskEnergy Incorporated	1,146	666
Gradworks Inc.	<u>115</u>	<u>136</u>
	<u>\$ 4,361</u>	<u>\$ 4,802</u>

8. Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations
(thousands of dollars)

	March 31 2014	March 31 2013
Decrease in interest and accounts receivable	\$ 442	\$ 324
Decrease in dividends receivable	20,896	43,488
(Decrease) increase in interest and accounts payable	<u>(821)</u>	<u>659</u>
	<u>\$ 20,517</u>	<u>\$ 44,471</u>