

Third Quarter Financial Report September 30, 2006

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Introduction

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) is the provincial government's holding company for its commercial Crown corporations. CIC has invested equity in its subsidiary Crown corporations and collects dividends from these corporations. CIC also holds the Province's investment in NewGrade Energy Inc. (NewGrade).

The purpose of the following discussion is to provide users of CIC's financial statements, with an overview of the Corporation's financial performance and the various measures CIC uses to evaluate its financial health. This narrative on CIC's 2006 third quarter financial results should be read in conjunction with the 2005 audited consolidated and non-consolidated financial statements.

To facilitate greater transparency and accountability, CIC prepares two different sets of financial statements: CIC's consolidated financial statements that report on the Crown sector; and CIC's non-consolidated financial statements that reflect its role as a holding corporation for the Province.

CIC Consolidated Financial Statements

These statements show CIC's results consolidated with the results of its subsidiary Crown corporations. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and include:

- Financial results of subsidiary Crown corporations:
 - Information Services Corporation (ISC), Investment Saskatchewan Inc. (IS), SaskEnergy Incorporated (SaskEnergy), Saskatchewan Development Fund Corporation (SDFC), Saskatchewan Government Growth Fund Management Corporation (SGGF MC), Saskatchewan Government Insurance (SGI), Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation (SOCO), Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SaskPower), Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation (SaskTel), Saskatchewan Transportation Company (STC), and Saskatchewan Water Corporation (SaskWater);
- O CIC's wholly-owned share capital subsidiary First Nations and Métis Fund Inc.;
- CIC's share of NewGrade financial results;
- Costs incurred from its wholly-owned share capital subsidiary Gradworks Inc.;
- O Dividends paid by CIC to the General Revenue Fund (GRF); and,
- CIC's operating costs, public policy expenditures and interest income on cash balances.

CIC Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

CIC's non-consolidated financial statements are used by CIC to determine dividend capacity to the Province's GRF. The non-consolidated statements have not been and are not intended to be prepared in accordance with GAAP. These statements are intended to isolate the corporation's cash-flow, capital support for certain subsidiary Crown corporations and public policy expenditures. These financial statements include:

- Dividends of subsidiary Crown corporations (SaskPower, SaskTel, SaskEnergy and SGI);
- Dividends received from NewGrade;
- Dividends paid by CIC to the GRF;
- Grants to subsidiary corporations; and,
- CIC's interest income on cash balances, operating costs and public policy expenditures.

Consolidated Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Major Lines of Business

CIC is involved in a broad array of industries through various forms of investment. A number of investments are held as wholly-owned subsidiaries, while others are joint ventures and partnerships, held either directly by CIC or through its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) highlights the primary factors that have an impact on the consolidated financial results and operations of CIC. It should be read in conjunction with CIC's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and supporting notes for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants Handbook Section 1751.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not contain all the disclosures included in CIC's annual audited consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these unaudited interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with CIC's most recent annual financial statements released on April 27, 2006.

For purposes of the MD&A on CIC's consolidated results, "CIC" refers to the consolidated entity. The following table lists the subsidiaries and investments, including the respective business line, that CIC consolidates in its financial statements.

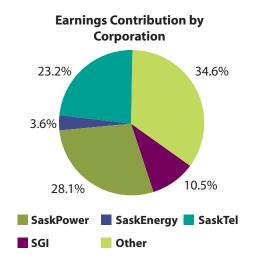
nvestment	Major Business Line	Form of Investment
Saskatchewan Power Corporation		
SaskPower)	Electricity	wholly-owned subsidiary
Saskatchewan Telecommunications		
Holding Corporation and Saskatchewan		
- Telecommunications		
collectively SaskTel)	Telecommunications	wholly-owned subsidiary
askEnergy Incorporated		
SaskEnergy)	Natural Gas	wholly-owned subsidiary
askatchewan Water Corporation		
SaskWater)	Water and Wastewater	wholly-owned subsidiary
nformation Services Corporation of Saskatchewan	Land and Property Registration	
SC)	Services	wholly-owned subsidiary
askatchewan Government Insurance		
SGI)	Property and Casualty	wholly-owned subsidiary
nvestment Saskatchewan Inc. (IS)		wholly-owned subsidiary
lewGrade Energy Inc.		
NewGrade)	Heavy Oil Upgrader	50.0 per cent equity intere
askatchewan Opportunities Corporation		
5OCO)	Infrastructure	wholly-owned subsidiary
askatchewan Development Fund Corporation		
SDFC)	Mutual Fund	wholly-owned subsidiary
askatchewan Government Growth Fund		
Management Corporation		
GGGF MC)	Immigrant Investor	wholly-owned subsidiary
askatchewan Transportation Company	Passenger and Freight	
STC)	Transportation	wholly-owned subsidiary

Results of Operations

Crown Corporation Earnings (unaudited)

for the nine months ended September 30, 2006

\$ Millions	
SaskPower	\$ 99.6
SaskTel	82.1
SaskEnergy	12.8
SGI	37.4
Investment Saskatchewan	50.7
ISC	6.6
SaskWater	0.9
STC	0.1
SOCO	4.0
CIC (Non-Consolidated) and Other	60.3
Total	\$ 354.5



The Corporation's consolidated earnings for the third quarter beginning July 1, 2006 and ending September 30, 2006 were \$89.0 million (2005 – loss of \$34.3 million). Excluding income tax expense of \$9.1 million (2005 - \$15.2 million), and a gain on discontinued operations of \$10.9 million (2005 – loss of \$126.0 million - restated), earnings from ongoing operations for the three month period were \$87.1 million (2005 - \$106.9 million).

Year to date earnings for the nine months ending September 30, 2006 were \$354.5 million (2005 - \$202.7 million). Increased earnings to September 30, 2006 compared to the corresponding period in 2005 related primarily to improved differentials between light and heavy crude oil prices at NewGrade, lower insurance claim costs at SGI, and improved earnings at Investment Saskatchewan due to a non-recurring loss in the third quarter of 2005 due to a write down of its investment in Meadow Lake Pulp Limited Partnership.

The consolidation of certain investments in accordance with new GAAP accounting standards on variable interest entities has increased revenues and expenses, having the most significant impact on the results of Investment Saskatchewan. In accordance with the guideline, management has chosen not to apply this policy to prior year comparative results.

Revenue

Revenues for the first nine months of 2006 were \$3,182.6 million (2005 - \$2,913.0 million), an increase of \$269.6 million, primarily the result of increased operating revenues.

Operating revenues for the first nine months of 2006 were \$3,115.6 million (2005 - \$2,841.0 million). The \$274.6 million increase was attributable to many factors. First, electrical sales increased as a result of a higher rate charged to customers relative to 2005, as well as increased prices and volumes for electrical exports. Secondly, the consolidation of certain investments, primarily Big Sky Farms Inc., as a result of new GAAP accounting standards increased the reported revenues in 2006. Third, higher market prices for light crude oil increased revenues at NewGrade. Finally, operating revenues at SaskTel improved significantly in both wireless and diversified business (e.g., data, internet and entertainment services) areas.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Revenue (continued)

Investment earnings for the first nine months of 2006 were \$61.3 million (2005 - \$67.3 million). The \$6.0 million decrease mainly reflects lower earnings from equity investments at Investment Saskatchewan.

Expenses

Expenses for the first nine months of 2006 were \$2,815.4 million (2005 - \$2,539.7 million), an increase of \$275.7 million. The increase was due primarily to the consolidation of certain investments, as mentioned previously, combined with increased costs for electricity trading. As well, restructuring costs and expenditures in support of expanded services increased operating expenses. These increases were partially offset by lower costs associated with insurance claims.

Other

Current and future income tax expense in the first nine months was \$40.7 million (2005 - \$39.8 million), an increase of \$0.9 million. The increase was primarily due to higher earnings at NewGrade. As well, the Corporation had a \$20.0 million gain related to its discontinued operations to September 30, 2006 (2005 – loss of \$127.6 million due to the write-down of Meadow Lake Pulp Limited Partnership) and a \$7.8 million gain in non-recurring items (2005 - \$3.2 million loss) related to the disposal of its investment in Hypor and the sale of a portion of Centennial Foods Partnership.

Capital Spending

In the first nine months of 2006, CIC spent \$903.1 million (2005 - \$1,106.9 million) on investment and capital acquisitions. The \$203.8 million decrease reflects a \$177.1 million decrease in investing activity, due mainly to the timing of investment maturities within SGI's investment portfolio. In addition, SaskPower's purchase of plant and equipment decreased significantly from the prior year due to the timing of capital spending on its Centennial Wind Power Facility. This decrease was partially offset by increased capital spending at SaskTel related to its Next Generation Access Infrastructure program to increase bandwidth.

Debt

Debt at September 30, 2006 was \$3,521.6 million (December 31, 2005 - \$3,608.5 million), a decrease of 2.4 per cent from year end.

Utility Bundle Commitment

In the fall of 2003, the government indicated that Saskatchewan families will receive the package of basic utilities including home electricity, home natural gas, basic telephone rates and auto insurance at a total annual cost that is as low or lower than the same package in any other province in Canada. CIC, as the parent company, is monitoring the costs of providing the lowest cost for this bundle of services. Although it cannot be determined if CIC will need to provide a rebate in 2006, the Corporation has budgeted \$54.0 million in 2006 to ensure the commitment is met.

Liquidity

CIC and its subsidiary Crowns finance their capital requirements through internally generated cash flow and borrowing. The GRF borrows in capital markets on behalf of Crowns. The GRF has sufficient access to capital markets for anticipated borrowing requirements.

Province of Saskatchewan Credit Ratings on Long-Term Debt as at September 30, 2006

Moody's Investor Service Standard & Poor's ¹ Dominion Bond Rating Service Aa2 AA A (high)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flow Highlights (millions of dollars)	for the nine	e months ended
	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2005
Cash from operations	\$ 819.5	\$ 734.5
Cash used in investing activities	(395.8)	(509.3)
Dividends paid	(221.0)	(263.0)
Debt proceeds received	109.5	376.9
Debt repaid	(172.6)	(204.5)
Other financing activities	2.1	1.3
Increase in cash	\$ 141.7	\$ 135.9

Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

Cash from operations for the nine months ending September 30, 2006 was \$819.5 million (2005 - \$734.5 million). The \$85.0 million increase was primarily due to stronger cash earnings relative to the same period last year.

Cash used in investing activities for the nine months ending September 30, 2006 was \$395.8 million (2005 - \$509.3 million). The \$113.5 million decrease reflects a decrease in investing activity, due mainly to the timing of investment maturities within SGI's investment portfolio. In addition, SaskPower's purchase of plant and equipment decreased significantly from the prior year due to the timing of capital spending on its Centennial Wind Power Facility which was completed in March 2006. This decrease was partially offset by increased capital spending at SaskTel related to its Next Generation Access Infrastructure program to increase bandwidth.

Cash used in financing activities for the nine months ending September 30, 2006 was \$282.1 million (2005 - \$89.4 million). The \$192.7 million increase mainly reflects a decrease in proceeds obtained from debt financing. One of the largest factors for decreased debt proceeds was significantly less debt placed by SaskPower in the current year relative to the same period last year as a result of its significant investment in capital projects in 2005. This was partially offset by lower dividends to the GRF (\$221.0 million paid in 2006 compared to \$263.0 million paid in 2005).

Debt Management

CIC and its subsidiary Crowns prudently manage their debt to maintain their financial flexibility. The CIC Board has approved debt targets for CIC and its commercial subsidiaries that take into account their individual circumstances and industry benchmarks.

On August 4, 2006, Standard & Poor's updated the Province of Saskatchewan's long-term debt ranking to AA from AA-.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

(unaudited)

(thousands of dollars)	September 30 2006	December 31 2005
Assets		
Current		
Cash	\$ 157,358	\$ 41,229
Short-term investments	436,475	684,493
Accounts receivable	550,617	651,497
Inventories and prepaid expenses	348,263	311,734
Assets from discontinued operations	307,049	404,976
	1,799,762	2,093,929
Long-term investments	705,667	657,093
Property, plant, and equipment	5,798,519	5,688,140
Other assets	399,917	419,746
Long-term assets of discontinued operations	439,052	389,307
	\$ 9,142,917	\$ 9,248,215
	<i>\$ 371127317</i>	ψ <i>Σ</i> ,2πο,213
LIABILITIES AND PROVINCE'S EQUITY		
Current		
Bank indebtedness	\$ 11,628	\$ 17,024
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	600,082	722,123
Notes payable	85,686	109,308
Dividend payable to General Revenue Fund	-	221,000
Deferred revenue	209,667	190,969
Income Taxes payable	16,612	18,182
Liabilities from discontinued operations	146,582	164,630
Long-term debt due within one year	218,637	281,639
	1,288,894	1,724,875
Long-term debt	3,217,317	3,217,556
Deferred revenue and other liabilities	487,050	468,124
Long-term liabilities from discontinued operations	419,972	460,903
	5,413,233	5,871,458
	5,713,233	J,U/ 1,TJU
Province of Saskatchewan's Equity		
Equity advances	1,181,152	1,181,152
Other equity items	(3,166)	(1,627)
Retained earnings	2,551,698	2,197,232
	3,729,684	3,376,757
	\$ 9,142,917	\$ 9,248,215

Commitments and contingencies (Note 3)

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Reinvested Earnings

(unaudited)

For The Period

(thousands of dollars)

	2006 July 1 to	2006 January 1 to	2005 July 1 to	2005 January 1 to
	September 30	September 30	September 30	September 30
REVENUE				
Sales of products and services Investment Other	\$ 1,034,696 20,345 170	\$ 3,115,645 61,305 5,690	\$ 924,187 18,858 1,347	\$ 2,840,991 67,326 4,670
	1,055,211	3,182,640	944,392	2,912,987
EXPENSES				
Operating costs other than those listed below	775,001	2,231,891	654,587	1,984,549
Interest	60,865	187,545	57,508	181,057
Depreciation expense	111,381	325,516	104,029	304,502
Saskatchewan taxes and resource				
payments	20,849	70,410	21,329	69,620
	968,096	2,815,362	837,453	2,539,728
Earnings before the following	87,115	367,278	106,939	373,259
Income tax expense Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations Non-recurring items (Note 4)	(9,076) 10,920	20,005	(15,171) (126,028)	(39,792) (127,596)
Non-recurring items (Note 4)	-	7,834	-	(3,170)
NET EARNINGS	88,959	354,466	(34,260)	202,701
RETAINED EARNINGS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	2,462,739	2,197,232	2,318,461	2,081,500
DIVIDEND TO GENERAL REVENUE FUND	_		_	-
REINVESTED EARNINGS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 2,551,698	\$ 2,551,698	\$ 2,284,201	\$ 2,284,201

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(unaudited)

For The Period

(thousands of dollars)

(mousarias of dollars)	2006	2006	2005	2005
	July 1	January 1	July 1	January 1
	to Sentember 30	to September 30	to September 30.9	to Sentember 30
ODEDATING ACTIVITIES	September 30	September 30	september 30 .	september 30
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net earnings Items not affecting cash from operations	\$ 88,959 79,373	\$ 354,466 325,626	\$ (34,260) 154,767	358,029
	168,332	680,092	120,507	560,730
Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations	177,297	152,616	186,913	173,353
Cash provided by operating activities from				
continuing operations	345,629	832,708	307,420	734,083
Cash provided by operating activities from discontinued operations	(52,982)	(13,153)	(37,248)	459
Cash provided by operating activities	292,647	819,555	270,172	734,542
	2,72,047	012,333	270,172	754,542
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of investments	(156,214)			(660,651)
Proceeds from sales and collections of investments Purchase of property, plant, and equipment	128,972 (158,173)	512,482 (419,523)	262,641 (175,119)	657,589 (446,259)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant,	(130,173)	(419,323)	(175,119)	(440,239)
and equipment Increase in other assets	182	2,324	755	936
	(1,137)	(7,493)	(10,073)	(60,937)
Cash used in investing activities	(186,370)	(395,770)	(178,458)	(509,322)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
(Decrease) increase in notes payable	(18,136)		6,195	(80,614)
Increase in deferred revenue and other liabilities Long-term debt proceeds from General Revenue Fund	1,600	2,100 102,398	(10,229) 150	1,300 373,076
Long-term debt repayments to General Revenue Fund	(46,816)	(87,377)		(105,483)
Long-term debt proceeds from other lenders Long-term debt repayments to other lenders	5,866	7,066	3,808	3,808
Dividend paid to General Revenue Fund	(24,362) -	(61,669) (221,000)		(18,445) (263,000)
Cash used in financing activities	(81,848)	(282,104)	(47,981)	(89,358)
NET INCREASE IN CASH DURING PERIOD	24,429	141,681	43,733	135,862
CASH POSITION, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	191,945	74,693	88,684	(3,445)
CASH POSITION, END OF PERIOD	\$ 216,374	\$ 216,374	\$ 132,417	\$ 132,417
Cash position consists of:				
Cash from continuing operations Bank indebtedness from continuing operations	\$ 157,358	\$ 157,358	\$ 145,805	\$ 145,805
Dank indebtedness norm continuing operations	(11,628)	(11,628)	(16,048)	(16,048)
Cash from discontinued operations	145,730	145,730	129,757	129,757
Cash from discontinued operations	70,644	70,644	2,660	2,660
	\$ 216,374	\$ 216,374	\$ 132,417	\$ 132,417

(unaudited)

September 30, 2006

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The interim consolidated financial statements of Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) do not contain all of the disclosures included in CIC's annual consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with CIC's most recent annual statement released on April 27, 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual amounts could differ from these estimates.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these interim financial statements conform with those used in the most recent annual statements.

a) Consolidation Principles and Basis of Presentation

Certain Saskatchewan provincial Crown corporations are designated as subsidiary Crown corporations of Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) under *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993* (the Act). In addition, certain Saskatchewan provincial Crown corporations created under the Act are CIC Crown corporations. The Act assigns specific financial and other responsibilities regarding these corporations to CIC.

In addition to the Crown corporations listed below, the accounts of Gradworks Inc., and First Nations and Métis Fund Inc., wholly-owned share capital subsidiaries of CIC, are consolidated in these financial statements.

Separate unaudited interim financial statements for CIC have been prepared on a non-consolidated basis to show the financial position and results of operations of the corporate entity. In addition, separate unaudited interim financial statements for each of the undernoted Crown corporations are prepared and released publicly.

The following Crown corporations have been designated or created as subsidiary Crown corporations of CIC and have been consolidated in these interim financial statements:

Information Services Corporation of
Saskatchewan
Investment Saskatchewan Inc.
SaskEnergy Incorporated
Saskatchewan Development Fund Corporation
Saskatchewan Government Growth Fund
Management Corporation
Saskatchewan Government Insurance

Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation
Saskatchewan Power Corporation
Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Holding Corporation
Saskatchewan Transportation Company
Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Throughout these interim financial statements the phrase "the Corporation" is used to collectively describe the activities of the consolidated entity.

(unaudited)

September 30, 2006

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

b) Joint Ventures

The Corporation's shares of jointly controlled enterprises included in these interim financial statements are as follows:

Canadian Power Consultants	14%
Centennial Foods Partnership	35%
Cory Cogeneration Funding Corporation	50%
Cory Cogeneration Joint Venture	50%
Foragen Technologies Limited Partnership	33%
Heritage Gas Limited	50%
Hypor B.V. (Note 4)	50%
Hypor LP (Note 4)	50%
NewGrade Energy Inc.	50%

c) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from utility and other services is recognized when the services are delivered to customers. The estimate of services rendered but not billed is included in accounts receivable. Revenue from various telecommunications, directory, internet, entertainment and equipment sales are recognized based on access to the Corporation's network and facilities at the rate plans in effect during the period the service is provided. Revenues from insurance premiums written are taken into income over the terms of the related policies which are no longer than twelve months. Revenue from sales of reconstituted and synthetic crude are recorded on the basis of regular meter readings. Revenue from sales of other products is recognized when goods are shipped and title has passed to the customer or based on the right to revenue pursuant to contracts with customers, tenants and clients.

Interest earned on long-term investments is recognized on the accrual basis except where uncertainty exists as to ultimate collection. In cases where collectibility of interest is not reasonably assured, interest income is recorded when it is received, and accrued interest receivable is offset by deferred interest income.

d) Competitive Gas Sales

Where the Corporation purchases natural gas in the open market at a fixed purchase price and simultaneously enters into agreements to sell this natural gas at a fixed selling price, the gain or loss is recorded at the time the transaction is settled.

In addition, the Corporation may enter into contracts that require either the physical delivery (sale) or receipt (purchase) of natural gas in a future period. Contracts may be structured so that the settlement price is determined in the future at the time of delivery or receipt. Changes in the value of the contract due to a change in market prices up to the date of settlement are recorded as gains or losses in the period of change.

(unaudited)

September 30, 2006

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e) Electricity Trading Sales

Electricity trading revenues are reported on a gross basis unless the Corporation is acting in the capacity of an agent or broker, in which case revenues are recorded net of purchases. The Corporation acts as a principal in electricity trading transactions taking title to the electricity purchased for resale and assuming the risks and rewards of ownership. Therefore, electricity trading revenues are recorded on a gross basis.

f) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

2. Status of Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan

Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan was established by Order in Council 535/47 dated April 2, 1947, and is continued under the provisions of *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993*. The Corporation is an agent of Her Majesty in Right of the Province of Saskatchewan, and as a Provincial Crown corporation is not subject to Federal and Provincial income taxes. Certain jointly controlled enterprises are not Provincial Crown corporations and are subject to Federal and Provincial income taxes.

3. Contingencies

- a) The Corporation has various legal matters pending which, in the opinion of management, will not have a material effect on the Corporation's consolidated financial position or results of operations.
- b) On August 9, 2005, a proceeding under the *Class Actions Act* (Saskatchewan) was brought against several Canadian wireless and cellular service providers, including the Corporation. The proceeding involves allegations by wireless customers of breach of contract, misrepresentation, negligence, collusion, unjust enrichment and breach of statutory obligations concerning system administration fees. The plaintiffs seek unquantified damages from the defendant wireless communications service providers. Similar proceedings have been filed by, or on behalf of, plaintiffs' counsel in other provincial jurisdictions. On July 18, 2006, the Saskatchewan court declined to certify the action as a class action, but granted the plaintiffs leave to renew their application in order to further address certain statutory requirements respecting class actions. The Corporation believes that it has strong defences to the allegations. Should the ultimate resolution of these actions differ from management's assessments and assumptions, a material adjustment to the Company's financial position and the results of the corporation could result.
- c) The Corporation has committed to invest \$26.9 million of subordinated debt in a new 150 million litre-per-year ethanol plant at Belle Plain, Saskatchewan. Construction of the plant is currently underway and is expected to be in full production by the end of 2007.

(unaudited)

September 30, 2006

4. Discontinued Operations

Hypor

In February 2006, the Corporation completed the sale of all of its ownership interests in Hypor LP, Hypor B.V. and Euribrid Espana S.A. for proceeds of \$15.8 million, resulting in a gain on sale of \$5.3 million. The Corporation also received full repayment of the \$2.3 million loan advanced to Hypor LP.

Crown Life Insurance Company

In April 2006, the shareholders of Crown Life triggered the second and final close of the sale of Crown Life to Canada Life. The final close will result in the distribution of cash and invested assets to the shareholders, and is expected to take place in early 2007.

Centennial Foods Partnership

In February 2006, the Corporation disposed of its interest of New Food Classics Partnership. The Corporation anticipates disposing of its interest in Centennial Foodservice Partnership in early 2007.

Meadow Lake Pulp Limited Partnership (MLPLP)

On December 28, 2005, MLPLP obtained creditor protection under the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act ("CCAA"). The CCAA Order provided for a 30 day general stay period that expired on January 27, 2006, and has been extended to December 4, 2006. The stay generally precludes parties from taking any actions against MLPLP for breach of contractual or other obligations. The CCAA process will also provide time in which to investigate all options with respect to the future of the mill including the development of a cost reduction plan and pursuing potential purchasers of the mill.

On January 9, 2006, the Corporation approved the provision of up to \$15.0 million in Debtor-in Possession (DIP) financing to the pulp mill. The purpose of this temporary short-term liquidity facility is to assist the pulp mill during its restructuring efforts. The DIP facility is secured by mortgages, general security agreements, share pledges in respect of all shares owned by or on behalf of the Borrowers, and other interests, fixed and floating charge debentures, security interests, hypothecs or equivalent, including without limitation, mortgages on all real property, first in priority against all assets of the pulp mill, subject only to the Administrative Charge and the Directors' Charge as provided in the CCAA Order and to the prior security of HSBC Bank Canada. The Corporation has advanced the full \$15.0 million of DIP financing to MLPLP in the first three months of 2006.

The Corporation is continuing its efforts to dispose of its interest in MLPLP during 2006.

(unaudited)

September 30, 2006

5. Saskatchewan Energy Share

In November 2005, the Government of Saskatchewan approved an appropriation of \$123.9 million to establish the Saskatchewan Energy Share. The appropriation relates to the period November 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006 as it was designed to assist natural gas consumers in dealing with high natural gas prices during the winter of 2005/2006.

The Saskatchewan Energy Share included a specific appropriation of \$92.0 million to be used by the Corporation to cap the cost of natural gas sold to customers at \$7.95 per gigajoule during the period November 1,2005 to March 31,2006. For each month during this period, SaskEnergy calculated its actual cost per gigajoule of natural gas and compared to this amount to the cap of \$7.95 per gigajoule. Based on estimates of sales volumes, the Corporation's actual cost of gas for January, February, and March 2006 was above the cap of \$7.95 per gigajoule and accordingly, the Corporation received \$20.5 million from the Saskatchewan Energy Share.

Certain natural gas consumers in Lloydminster, Saskatchewan receive their natural gas service from Direct Energy Regulated Services (a supplier based in Alberta). Under the Saskatchewan Energy Share \$1.0 million was allocated to provide eligible Lloydminster customers with a one time credit of \$200. This credit was provided to these customers in 2006. During the month of March 2006, the Corporation reimbursed Direct Energy Regulated Services for these credits and in turn recovered this amount from the Saskatchewan Energy Share. The cost of this initiative was \$0.5 million.

6. Comparative Figures

Certain of the 2005 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

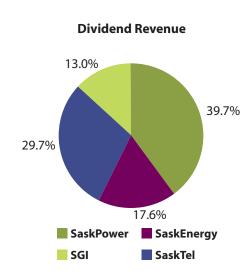
Management's Discussion and Analysis

CIC is the provincial government's holding company for its commercial Crowns. CIC has invested equity in its subsidiary Crown corporations and collects dividends from these corporations based on their profitability. CIC also holds the Province's investment in NewGrade Energy Inc.

This narrative on CIC's non-consolidated September 30, 2006 third quarter results should be read in conjunction with the September 30, 2006 unaudited nonconsolidated financial statements.

The unaudited interim non-consolidated financial statements do not contain all the disclosures included in CIC's annual audited non-consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these unaudited interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with CIC's most recent annual non-consolidated financial statements released on April 27, 2006.

For the purposes of this narrative on CIC's non-consolidated financial results, "CIC" refers to the holding company.



C Non-C	onsolidated Third Quarter Earnings (unaudited)	(\$	Millions)
Divider	nd revenue from Crown corporations	\$	126.5
Add:	Interest and other revenue		4.9
Less:	General, administrative, and other expenses		(8.9)
	Grants to subsidiaries		(10.3)
Total N	Ion-Consolidated Earnings	\$	112.2

Earnings

Earnings for the nine months ending September 30, 2006 were \$112.2 million (2005 - \$150.2 million), a decrease of \$38.0 million from the same period in 2005. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in dividend revenue from CIC's subsidiary Crown corporations of \$33.4 million, an increase in grants to related corporations of \$4.3 million, offset by an increase in interest revenue of \$1.9 million.

Dividend Revenue

Dividend revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was \$126.5 million (2005 - \$159.9 million). The \$33.4 million decrease was due to lower dividends from SaskTel (\$25.6 million), SaskPower (\$6.9 million), and SaskEnergy (\$1.8 million), partially offset by increased dividends from SGI (\$0.9 million).

For the third quarter of each year, dividends from subsidiary Crown corporations are based on 75 percent of their forecasted dividend for the year. The forecasted dividend is calculated under CIC's dividend policy which applies a percentage payout of net earnings based on the overall financial health of the subsidiary Crown and its need for capital investment. For the remaining fourth quarter dividend payment, the amount is adjusted to a percentage of actual earnings. For the current year, CIC has assumed payout rates of 71 percent of earnings at SaskTel and 65 percent of earnings at SaskPower, SaskEnergy and SGI. These payout rates reflect the need of these subsidiary corporations to retain capital to move to or to maintain their respective industry benchmarked financial structure and to upgrade infrastructure.

CIC's dividend policy does not apply to NewGrade. Dividends from NewGrade are determined by its Board of Directors and are paid to CIC in December of each fiscal year.

Administrative Expenses

Expenses were \$8.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 (2005 - \$6.7 million). The increase of \$2.2 million was due mainly to increased consulting costs and increased costs for salaries and benefits.

During the first nine months of 2006, CIC provided \$5.4 million in grants to STC (2005 - \$4.7 million), \$2.9 million (2005 - \$Nil) in grants to SaskEnergy to fund the EnerGuide for Houses Grant Program and \$1.4 million (2005 - \$1.3 million) to Gradworks Inc., a non-profit subsidiary of CIC which provides recent post-secondary graduates with internships in CIC subsidiary Crown corporations.

CIC's 2006 budget includes public policy and grant funding expenditures as follows: \$5.0 million in operating grants and \$10.7 million in capital grants to STC, of which \$8.8 million of the capital grants is allocated for funding the new head office and bus terminal in Regina; \$9.6 million of funding to SaskEnergy for the EnerGuide for Houses program; and, \$2.7 million of operating grants to Gradworks. CIC has also budgeted for \$54.0 million in public policy expenditures related to the lowest cost utility bundle commitment.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flow Highlights

(thousands of dollars)	ollars) for the nine months ended			
	September 30	September 30		
	2006	2005		
Cash from operations	\$ 116.6	\$ 230.3		
Cash used in investing activities	(0.7)	(25.1)		
Dividends paid	(221.0)	(263.0)		
Decrease in cash	\$ (105.1)	\$ (57.8)		

Liquidity

CIC finances its capital requirements through internally-generated cash flow and through borrowing from the GRF. The GRF borrows on CIC's behalf in capital markets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

Cash from operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was \$116.6 million (2005 - \$230.3 million). The \$113.7 million decrease was due mainly to lower dividends collected in the third quarter of 2006 compared to 2005.

Cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was \$0.7 million (2005 - \$25.1 million). The \$24.4 million decrease was due mainly to \$25.0 million in new equity that was provided to SGI for expansion into Alberta. In November 2005, the government announced that a fund would be set up to assist aspiring entrepreneurs in Saskatchewan. CIC will provide up to \$25.0 million to the Saskatchewan Entrepreneurial Fund over the next five years. As of September 30, 2006, CIC has invested \$0.6 million in the Saskatchewan Entrepreneurial Fund.

Cash used in financing activities was \$221.0 million (2005 - \$263.0 million). Financing activities in 2006 consisted of dividends paid to the GRF.

Debt Management

CIC has no debt. As a separate legal entity, CIC does not expect to borrow in 2006.

Outlook and Key Factors Affecting Performance

The key factor affecting CIC's earnings are the level of dividends from commercial subsidiary Crown corporations and its joint venture NewGrade.

Factors affecting the level of dividends from subsidiary Crowns include the level of profits and the application of CIC's subsidiary dividend policy. The CIC Board determines dividends from a commercial subsidiary after allocating cash for reinvestment within the Crown to sustain operations, to grow and to diversify, and for debt reduction if necessary. CIC expects aggregate dividends declared by its commercial subsidiaries in 2006 to be comparable to dividends declared in 2005.

Dividends from NewGrade are determined by its Board of Directors and are based on available surplus cash flow. The most significant factor in determining its profitability is the difference in price between heavy and light crude oil. Given the high differential that exists between current market prices, CIC projects continued strong dividends from NewGrade in 2006.

In the fall of 2003, the government indicated that Saskatchewan families will receive the package of basic utilities including home electricity, home natural gas, basic telephone rates and auto insurance at a total annual cost that is as low or lower than the same package in any other province in Canada. For 2006, CIC has budgeted \$54.0 million to ensure the lowest bundle commitment is met.

CIC regularly assesses the appropriateness of the carrying value for its investments, and writes down an investment if it judges there to be a permanent impairment in carrying value. CIC regularly reviews its investments with private sector partners to determine the appropriateness of retention or sale.

Non-Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

(unaudited) (thousands of dollars)

	September 30 2006	December 31 2005
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 184,567	\$ 289,645
Interest and accounts receivable	250	499
Dividends receivable	31,114	35,033
	215,931	325,177
Equity advances to Crown corporations	1,075,382	1,075,382
Investments in share capital corporations	378,019	377,469
<u>Equipment</u>	527	504
	\$ 1,669,859	\$ 1,778,532
LIABILITIES AND PROVINCE'S EQUITY		
Interest and accounts payable	\$ 2,557	\$ 2,423
Dividend payable to General Revenue Fund	-	221,000
	2,557	223,423
Duranina and Control and a Control and a Control		
Province of Saskatchewan's Equity Equity advances	1,181,152	1,181,152
Retained earnings	486,150	373,957
nctained carriings	100,150	313,731
	1,667,302	1,555,109
	\$ 1,669,859	\$ 1,778,532

Commitments (Note 3) (See accompanying notes)

Non-Consolidated Statement of Operations and Retained Earnings

(unaudited)

For The Period

(thousands of dollars)

	2006	2006	2005	2005
	July 1	January 1	July 1	January 1
	to	to	to	to
	September 30	September 30	September 30	September 30
REVENUE				
Dividend (Note 4)	\$ 31,114	\$ 126,501	\$ 38,371	\$ 159,897
Interest	1,529	4,888	924	3,053
Other	6	43	3	21
	32,649	131,432	39,298	162,971
EXPENSES				
General, administrative and other	2,615	8,812	2,532	6,484
Depreciation	19	112	71	204
	2.424		2 (02	
	2,634	8,924	2,603	6,688
Earnings before the following	30,015	122,508	36,695	156,283
Grant to Saskatchewan Transportation Company	(2,400)	(5,400)	(1,900)	(4,700)
Grant to SaskEnergy	(1,286)	(2,886)	-	-
Grant to Gradworks Inc.	-	(1,442)	(550)	(1,322)
Other grant funding	(110)	(587)	(30)	(30)
NET EARNINGS	26,219	112,193	34,215	150,231
RETAINED EARNINGS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	459,931	373,957	462,836	346,820
DIVIDEND TO GENERAL REVENUE FUND	486,150 -	486,150 -	497,051 -	497,051 -
RETAINED EARNINGS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 486,150	\$ 486,150	\$ 497,051	\$ 497,501

Non-Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(unaudited)
For The Period
(thousands of dollars)

	2006	2006	2005	2005
	July 1 to	January 1 to	July 1 to	January 1 to
	September 30		September 30	September 30
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•		·	·
Net earnings				
Add (deduct) non-cash items:	\$ 26,219	\$ 112,193	\$ 34,215	\$ 150,231
Depreciation	19	112	71	204
Net change in non-cash working capital	26,238	112,305	34,286	150,435
balances related to operations	15,584	4,302	21,840	79,913
Cash musuided by encurting activities	41 022	116 607	F6 126	220.240
Cash provided by operating activities	41,822	116,607	56,126	230,348
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of investments	(300)	(550)	(25,000)	(25,000)
Purchase of equipment	(49)	(135)	(62)	(137)
Cash used in investing activities	(349)	(685)	(25,062)	(25,137)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Dividend paid	-	(221,000)	-	(263,000)
Cash used in financing activities	_	(221,000)	-	(263,000)
NET CHANGE IN CASH DURING PERIOD	41,473	(105,078)	31,064	(57,789)
CASH POSITION, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	143,094	289,645	156,484	245,337
CASH POSITION, END OF PERIOD	\$ 184,567	\$ 184,567	\$ 187,548	\$ 187,548

(unaudited)

September 30, 2006

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The interim non-consolidated financial statements of Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC) do not contain all of the disclosures included in CIC's annual non-consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with CIC's most recent annual statement released on April 27, 2006.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these interim financial statements conform with those used in the most recent annual statements.

2. Status of Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan

The Government Finance Office was established by Order in Council 535/47 dated April 2, 1947, and was continued under the provision of *The Crown Corporations Act, 1993* (the Act), as Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan. CIC is an agent of Her Majesty in Right of the Province of Saskatchewan and as a Provincial Crown corporation is not subject to Federal and Provincial income taxes.

The Act assigns specific financial and other responsibilities to CIC regarding Crown corporations designated or created as subsidiary Crown corporations of CIC under the Act. The following corporations have been designated or created by Order in Council:

Information Services Corporation of
Saskatchewan
Investment Saskatchewan Inc.
SaskEnergy Incorporated
Saskatchewan Development Fund Corporation
Saskatchewan Government Growth Fund

Management Corporation
Saskatchewan Government Insurance

Saskatchewan Opportunities Corporation
Saskatchewan Power Corporation
Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Holding Corporation
Saskatchewan Telecommunications
Saskatchewan Transportation Company
Saskatchewan Water Corporation

In addition to the above Crown corporations, CIC is the sole member of Gradworks Inc., a non-profit corporation and sole shareholder of First Nations and Métis Fund Inc., a Business Corporation Act company.

3. Commitments

CIC has agreed to fund, through capital grants, Saskatchewan Transportation Company's new terminal facilities in Regina. CIC is expecting to fund \$8.8 million of the commitment in 2006.

(unaudited)

September 30, 2006

4. Dividend Revenue

Dividend revenue consists of the following: (thousands of dollars)

	2006	2005
Saskatchewan Telecommunications Holding Corporation	\$ 37,500	\$ 63,082
Saskatchewan Power Corporation	50,213	57,104
SaskEnergy Incorporated	22,300	24,100
Saskatchewan Government Insurance	16,488	15,611
	\$ 126,501	\$ 159,897